CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1235

Chapter 211, Laws of 1994

53rd Legislature 1994 Regular Session

LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANIES

EFFECTIVE DATE: 10/1/94

Passed by the House March 6, 1994 Yeas 87 Nays 0

BRIAN EBERSOLE

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate March 1, 1994 Yeas 46 Nays 3

JOEL PRITCHARD

President of the Senate

Approved April 1, 1994

MIKE LOWRY

Governor of the State of Washington

CERTIFICATE

I, Marilyn Showalter, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1235** as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

MARILYN SHOWALTER

Chief Clerk

FILED

April 1, 1994 - 10:06 a.m.

Secretary of State State of Washington

SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1235

AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

Passed Legislature - 1994 Regular Session

State of Washington 53rd Legislature 1994 Regular Session

By House Committee on Judiciary (originally sponsored by Representatives Appelwick, Padden, Ludwig and Johanson)

Read first time 02/04/94.

AN ACT Relating to partnerships; amending RCW 24.03.045, 24.03.047, 24.06.045, 24.06.047, 25.10.020, 43.07.120, 43.07.130, 18.04.025, and 18.04.195; reenacting and amending RCW 23B.04.010; adding a new chapter to Title 25 RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 18 RCW; and providing an effective date.

6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

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ARTICLE I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 101. DEFINITIONS. As used in this chapter, 9 unless the context otherwise requires:

(1) "Certificate of formation" means the certificate referred to insection 201 of this act, and the certificate as amended.

(2) "Event of dissociation" means an event that causes a person tocease to be a member as provided in section 304 of this act.

14 (3) "Foreign limited liability company" means an entity that is:

15 (a) An unincorporated enterprise;

(b) Organized under the laws of a state other than the laws of thisstate, or under the laws of any foreign country;

(c) Organized under a statute pursuant to which an enterprise may
 be formed that affords to each of its members limited liability with
 respect to the liabilities of the entity; and

4 (d) Is not required, in order to transact business or conduct
5 affairs in this state, to be registered or organized under any statute
6 of this state other than this chapter.

7 (4) "Limited liability company" and "domestic limited liability
8 company" means a limited liability company organized and existing under
9 this chapter.

10 (5) "Limited liability company agreement" means any written 11 agreement as to the affairs of a limited liability company and the 12 conduct of its business which is binding upon all of the members.

13 (6) "Limited liability company interest" means a member's share of 14 the profits and losses of a limited liability company and a member's 15 right to receive distributions of the limited liability company's 16 assets.

(7) "Manager" or "managers" means, with respect to a limited liability company that has set forth in its certificate of formation that it is to be managed by managers, the person, or persons designated in accordance with section 401(2) of this act.

(8) "Member" means a person who has been admitted to a limited
liability company as a member as provided in section 301 of this act
and who has not been dissociated from the limited liability company.

(9) "Person" means a natural person, partnership (whether general
or limited and whether domestic or foreign), limited liability company,
foreign limited liability company, trust, estate, association,
corporation, custodian, nominee, or any other individual or entity in
its own or any representative capacity.

(10) "Professional limited liability company" means a limited liability company which is organized for the purpose of rendering professional service and whose certificate of formation sets forth that it is a professional limited liability company subject to section 109 of this act.

(11) "Professional service" means any type of personal service to the public which requires as a condition precedent to the rendering of such service the obtaining of a license or other legal authorization, including, but not by way of limitation, certified public accountants, architects, veterinarians, attorneys at law, and health professions regulated under chapter 18.130 RCW.

(12) "State" means the District of Columbia or the Commonwealth of
 Puerto Rico or any state, territory, possession, or other jurisdiction
 of the United States other than the state of Washington.

4 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 102. NAME SET FORTH IN CERTIFICATE OF 5 FORMATION. (1) The name of each limited liability company as set forth 6 in its certificate of formation:

7 (a) Must contain either the words "Limited Liability Company," the 8 words "Limited Liability" and abbreviation "Co.," or the abbreviation 9 "L.L.C.";

10 (b) Except as provided in subsection (1)(d) of this section, may 11 contain the name of a member or manager;

(c) Must not contain language stating or implying that the limited
liability company is organized for a purpose other than those permitted
by section 106 of this act;

(d) Must not contain any of the words or phrases: "Bank," "banking," "banker," "trust," "cooperative," "partnership," "corporation," "incorporated," or the abbreviations "corp.," "ltd.," or "inc.," or "L.P.," or any combination of the words "industrial" and "loan," or any combination of any two or more of the words "building," savings," "loan," "home," "association," and "society," or any other words or phrases prohibited by any statute of this state; and

(e) Must be distinguishable upon the records of the secretary of state from the names described in RCW 23B.04.010(1)(d), and the names of any limited liability company reserved, registered, or formed under the laws of this state or qualified to do business as a foreign limited liability company in this state.

27 (2) A limited liability company may apply to the secretary of state for authorization to use any name which is not distinguishable upon the 28 29 records of the secretary of state from one or more of the names described in subsection (1)(e) of this section. The secretary of state 30 shall authorize use of the name applied for if the other corporation, 31 32 limited partnership, or limited liability company consents in writing to the use and files with the secretary of state documents necessary to 33 34 change its name or the name reserved or registered to a name that is distinguishable upon the records of the secretary of state from the 35 name of the applying limited liability company. 36

37 (3) A name shall not be considered distinguishable upon the records38 of the secretary of state by virtue of:

(a) A variation in the designation, under subsection (1)(a) of this
 section, used for the same name;

3 (b) The addition or deletion of an article or conjunction such as 4 "the" or "and" from the same name;

5 (c) Punctuation, capitalization, or special characters or symbols 6 in the same name; or

7 (d) Use of abbreviation or the plural form of a word in the same 8 name.

9 (4) This chapter does not control the use of assumed business names 10 or "trade names."

11 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 103. RESERVED NAME--REGISTERED NAME. (1) 12 Reserved Name.

(a) A person may reserve the exclusive use of a limited liability 13 14 company name by delivering an application to the secretary of state for 15 The application must set forth the name and address of the filing. applicant and the name proposed to be reserved. If the secretary of 16 state finds that the limited liability company name applied for is 17 18 available, the secretary of state shall reserve the name for the 19 applicant's exclusive use for a nonrenewable one hundred eighty-day period. 20

(b) The owner of a reserved limited liability company name may transfer the reservation to another person by delivering to the secretary of state a signed notice of the transfer that states the name and address of the transferee.

25 (2) Registered Name.

(a) A foreign limited liability company may register its name if
 the name is distinguishable upon the records of the secretary of state
 from the names specified in section 102(1)(e) of this act.

(b) A foreign limited liability company registers its name bydelivering to the secretary of state for filing an application that:

(i) Sets forth its name and the state or country and date of itsorganization; and

(ii) Is accompanied by a certificate of existence, or a document ofsimilar import, from the state or country of organization.

35 (c) The name is registered for the applicant's exclusive use upon 36 the effective date of the application and until the close of the 37 calendar year in which the application for registration is filed.

1 (d) A foreign limited liability company whose registration is 2 effective may renew it for successive years by delivering to the 3 secretary of state for filing a renewal application, which complies 4 with the requirements of (b) of this subsection, between October 1st 5 and December 31st of the preceding year. The renewal application when 6 filed renews the registration for the following calendar year.

7 (e) A foreign limited liability company whose registration is 8 effective may thereafter qualify as a foreign limited liability company 9 under the registered name, or consent in writing to the use of that 10 name by a limited liability company thereafter organized under this chapter, by a corporation thereafter formed under Title 23B RCW, by a 11 limited partnership thereafter formed under chapter 25.10 RCW, or by 12 13 another foreign limited liability company, foreign corporation, or foreign limited partnership thereafter authorized to transact business 14 15 in this state. The registration terminates when the domestic limited 16 liability company is organized, the domestic corporation is 17 incorporated, or the domestic limited partnership is formed, or the foreign limited liability company qualifies or consents to the 18 19 qualification of another foreign limited liability company, 20 corporation, or limited partnership under the registered name.

21 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 104. REGISTERED OFFICE--REGISTERED AGENT. (1) 22 Each limited liability company shall continuously maintain in this 23 state:

24 (a) A registered office, which may but need not be a place of its 25 business in this state. The registered office shall be at a specific geographic location in this state, and be identified by number, if any, 26 27 and street, or building address or rural route, or, if a commonly known street or rural route address does not exist, by legal description. A 28 29 registered office may not be identified by post office box number or other nongeographic address. For purposes of communicating by mail, 30 the secretary of state may permit the use of a post office address in 31 the same city as the registered office in conjunction with the 32 33 registered office address if the limited liability company also 34 maintains on file the specific geographic address of the registered office where personal service of process may be made; 35

36 (b) A registered agent for service of process on the limited 37 liability company, which agent may be either an individual resident of 38 this state whose business office is identical with the limited

1 liability company's registered office, or a domestic corporation, 2 limited partnership, or limited liability company, or a foreign 3 corporation, limited partnership, or limited liability company 4 authorized to do business in this state having a business office 5 identical with such registered office; and

6 (c) A registered agent who shall not be appointed without having 7 given prior written consent to the appointment. The written consent 8 shall be filed with the secretary of state in such form as the 9 secretary may prescribe. The written consent shall be filed with or as 10 a part of the document first appointing a registered agent.

(2) A registered agent may change the address of the registered 11 12 office of the limited liability company or companies for which such 13 registered agent is registered agent to another address in this state by filing with the secretary of state a certificate, executed by such 14 15 registered agent, setting forth the names of all the limited liability 16 companies represented by such registered agent, and the address at 17 which such registered agent has maintained the registered office for each of such limited liability companies, and further certifying to the 18 19 new address to which each such registered office will be changed on a given day, and at which new address such registered agent will 20 thereafter maintain the registered office for each of the limited 21 liability companies recited in the certificate. Upon the filing of 22 such certificate, the secretary of state shall furnish to the 23 24 registered agent a certified copy of the same, and thereafter, or until 25 further change of address, as authorized by law, the registered office 26 in this state of each of the limited liability companies recited in the certificate shall be located at the new address of the registered agent 27 thereof as given in the certificate. In the event of a change of name 28 29 of any person acting as a registered agent of a limited liability 30 company, such registered agent shall file with the secretary of state 31 a certificate, executed by such registered agent, setting forth the new name of such registered agent, the name of such registered agent before 32 it was changed, the names of all the limited liability companies 33 34 represented by such registered agent, and the address at which such 35 registered agent has maintained the registered office for each of such limited liability companies. Upon the filing of such certificate, the 36 37 secretary of state shall furnish to the registered agent a certified copy of the certificate. Filing a certificate under this section shall 38 39 be deemed to be an amendment of the certificate of formation of each

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1 limited liability company affected thereby and each such limited 2 liability company shall not be required to take any further action with 3 respect thereto, to amend its certificate of formation under section 4 202 of this act. Any registered agent filing a certificate under this 5 section shall promptly, upon such filing, deliver a copy of any such 6 certificate to each limited liability company affected thereby.

7 (3) The registered agent of one or more limited liability companies 8 may resign and appoint a successor registered agent by filing a 9 certificate with the secretary of state, stating that it resigns and 10 the name and address of the successor registered agent. There shall be attached to such certificate a statement executed by each affected 11 limited liability company ratifying and approving such change of 12 registered agent. Upon such filing, the successor registered agent 13 shall become the registered agent of such limited liability companies 14 15 as have ratified and approved such substitution and the successor 16 registered agent's address, as stated in such certificate, shall become 17 the address of each such limited liability company's registered office 18 in this state. The secretary of state shall furnish to the successor 19 registered agent a certified copy of the certificate of resignation. Filing of such certificate of resignation shall be deemed to be an 20 amendment of the certificate of formation of each limited liability 21 22 company affected thereby and each such limited liability company shall not be required to take any further action with respect thereto, to 23 24 amend its certificate of formation under section 202 of this act.

25 (4) The registered agent of a limited liability company may resign 26 without appointing a successor registered agent by filing a certificate 27 with the secretary of state stating that it resigns as registered agent for the limited liability company identified in the certificate, but 28 29 such resignation shall not become effective until one hundred twenty 30 days after the certificate is filed. There shall be attached to such certificate an affidavit of such registered agent, that at least thirty 31 days prior to and on or about the date of the filing of said 32 certificate, notices were sent by certified or registered mail to the 33 34 limited liability company for which such registered agent is resigning as registered agent, at the principal office thereof within or outside 35 this state, if known to such registered agent or, if not, to the last 36 37 known address of the attorney or other individual at whose request such 38 registered agent was appointed for such limited liability company, of 39 the resignation of such registered agent. After receipt of the notice

1 of the resignation of its registered agent, the limited liability 2 company for which such registered agent was acting shall obtain and 3 designate a new registered agent, to take the place of the registered 4 agent so resigning.

5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 105. SERVICE OF PROCESS ON DOMESTIC LIMITED 6 LIABILITY COMPANIES. (1) A limited liability company's registered 7 agent is its agent for service of process, notice, or demand required 8 or permitted by law to be served on the limited liability company.

9 (2) The secretary of state shall be an agent of a limited liability 10 company upon whom any such process, notice, or demand may be served if: 11 (a) The limited liability company fails to appoint or maintain a 12 registered agent in this state; or

(b) The registered agent cannot with reasonable diligence be foundat the registered office.

15 (3) Service on the secretary of state of any such process, notice, or demand shall be made by delivering to and leaving with the secretary 16 of state, or with any duly authorized clerk of the secretary of state's 17 18 office, the process, notice, or demand. In the event any such process, 19 notice, or demand is served on the secretary of state, the secretary of state shall immediately cause a copy thereof to be forwarded by 20 certified mail, addressed to the limited liability company at its 21 22 principal place of business as it appears on the records of the 23 secretary of state. Any service so had on the secretary of state shall 24 be returnable in not less than thirty days.

(4) The secretary of state shall keep a record of all processes, notices, and demands served upon the secretary of state under this section, and shall record therein the time of such service and the secretary of state's action with reference thereto.

(5) This section does not limit or affect the right to serve any process, notice, or demand required or permitted by law to be served upon a limited liability company in any other manner now or hereafter permitted by law.

33 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 106. NATURE OF BUSINESS PERMITTED--POWERS. (1) 34 Every limited liability company formed under this chapter may carry on 35 any lawful business or activity unless a more limited purpose is set 36 forth in the certificate of formation. A limited liability company may

not be formed under this chapter for the purposes of banking or
 engaging in business as an insurer.

3 (2) Unless this chapter, its certificate of formation, or its 4 limited liability company agreement provides otherwise, a limited 5 liability company has the same powers as an individual to do all things 6 necessary or convenient to carry out its business and affairs.

7 NEW SECTION. Sec. 107. BUSINESS TRANSACTIONS OF MEMBER OR MANAGER 8 WITH THE LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY. Except as provided in a limited 9 liability company agreement, a member or manager may lend money to, act 10 as a surety, guarantor, or endorser for, guarantee or assume one or more specific obligations of, provide collateral for, and transact 11 12 other business with a limited liability company and, subject to other applicable law, has the same rights and obligations with respect to any 13 14 such matter as a person who is not a member or manager.

15 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 108. LIMITATION OF LIABILITY AND 16 INDEMNIFICATION. (1) The limited liability company agreement may 17 contain provisions not inconsistent with law that:

18 (a) Eliminate or limit the personal liability of a member or manager to the limited liability company or its members for monetary 19 damages for conduct as a member or manager, provided that such 20 provisions shall not eliminate or limit the liability of a member or 21 22 manager for acts or omissions that involve intentional misconduct or a 23 knowing violation of law by a member or manager, for conduct of the 24 member or manager, violating section 605 of this act, or for any 25 transaction from which the member or manager will personally receive a benefit in money, property, or services to which the member or manager 26 27 is not legally entitled; or

28 (b) Indemnify any member or manager from and against any judgments, 29 settlements, penalties, fines, or expenses incurred in a proceeding to which an individual is a party because he or she is, or was, a member 30 31 or a manager, provided that no such indemnity shall indemnify a member 32 or a manager from or on account of acts or omissions of the member or 33 manager finally adjudged to be intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law by the member or manager, conduct of the member or 34 35 manager adjudged to be in violation of section 605 of this act, or any 36 transaction with respect to which it was finally adjudged that such

member or manager received a benefit in money, property, or services to
 which such member or manager was not legally entitled.

(2) To the extent that, at law or in equity, a member or manager 3 4 has duties (including fiduciary duties) and liabilities relating 5 thereto to a limited liability company or to another member or manager (a) any such member or manager acting under a limited liability company 6 7 agreement shall not be liable to the limited liability company or to 8 any such other member or manager for the member's or manager's good 9 faith reliance on the provisions of the limited liability company 10 agreement, and (b) the member's or manager's duties and liabilities may be expanded or restricted by provisions in a limited liability company 11 12 agreement.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 109. PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANIES. 13 14 (1) A person or group of persons licensed or otherwise legally 15 authorized to render professional services within this state may organize and become a member or members of a professional limited 16 liability company under the provisions of this chapter for the purposes 17 18 of rendering professional service. A "professional limited liability 19 company" is subject to all the provisions of chapter 18.100 RCW that apply to a professional corporation, and its managers, members, agents, 20 21 and employees shall be subject to all the provisions of chapter 18.100 RCW that apply to the directors, officers, shareholders, agents, or 22 23 employees of a professional corporation, except as provided otherwise 24 in this section. Nothing in this section prohibits a person duly 25 licensed or otherwise legally authorized to render professional services in any jurisdiction other than this state from becoming a 26 member of a professional limited liability company organized for the 27 purpose of rendering the same professional services. Nothing in this 28 29 section prohibits a professional limited liability company from rendering professional services outside this state through individuals 30 who are not duly licensed or otherwise legally authorized to render 31 such professional services within this state. Notwithstanding RCW 32 33 18.100.065, persons engaged in a profession and otherwise meeting the 34 requirements of this chapter may operate under this chapter as a professional limited liability company so long as: 35

(a) At least one manager of the company is duly licensed or
 otherwise legally authorized to practice the profession in this state;
 and

1 (b) Each resident manager or member in charge of an office of the 2 company in this state and each resident manager or member personally 3 engaged in this state in the practice of the profession is duly 4 licensed or otherwise legally authorized to practice the profession in 5 this state.

б (2) If the company's members are required to be licensed to 7 practice such profession, and the company fails to maintain for itself 8 and for its members practicing in this state a policy of professional 9 liability insurance, bond, or other evidence of financial 10 responsibility of a kind designated by rule by the state insurance commissioner and in the amount of at least one million dollars or such 11 greater amount as the state insurance commissioner may establish by 12 13 rule for a licensed profession or for any specialty within a profession, taking into account the nature and size of the business, 14 15 then the company's members shall be personally liable to the extent that, had such insurance, bond, or other evidence of responsibility 16 17 been maintained, it would have covered the liability in question.

(3) For purposes of applying the provisions of chapter 18.100 RCW 18 19 to a professional limited liability company, the terms "director" or 20 "officer" shall mean manager, "shareholder" shall mean member, "corporation" shall mean professional limited liability company, 21 "articles of incorporation" shall mean certificate of formation, 22 "shares" or "capital stock" shall mean a limited liability company 23 24 interest, "incorporator" shall mean the person who executes the 25 certificate of formation, and "bylaws" shall mean the limited liability 26 company agreement.

(4) The name of a professional limited liability company must 27 contain either the words "Professional Limited Liability Company," or 28 29 the words "Professional Limited Liability" and the abbreviation "Co.," 30 or the abbreviation "P.L.L.C." provided that the name of a professional 31 limited liability company organized to render dental services shall contain the full names or surnames of all members and no other word 32 "professional services" or 33 than "chartered" or the words the 34 abbreviation "P.L.L.C."

(5) Subject to the provisions in article VII of this chapter, the following may be a member of a professional limited liability company and may be the transferee of the interest of an ineligible person or deceased member of the professional limited liability company:

(a) A professional corporation, if its shareholders, directors, and
 its officers other than the secretary and the treasurer, are licensed
 or otherwise legally authorized to render the same specific
 professional services as the professional limited liability company;
 and

6 (b) Another professional limited liability company, if the managers 7 and members of both professional limited liability companies are 8 licensed or otherwise legally authorized to render the same specific 9 professional services.

10 NEW SECTION. Sec. 110. MEMBER AGREEMENTS. In addition to agreeing among themselves with respect to the provisions of this 11 12 chapter, the members of a limited liability company or professional limited liability company may agree among themselves to any otherwise 13 14 lawful provision governing the company which is not in conflict with 15 this chapter. Such agreements include, but are not limited to, buysell agreements among the members and agreements relating to expulsion 16 17 of members.

18 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 111. MEMBERSHIP RESIDENCY. Nothing in this 19 chapter requires a limited liability company or a professional limited 20 liability company to restrict membership to persons residing in or 21 engaging in business in this state.

22 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 112. PIERCING THE VEIL. Members of a limited 23 liability company shall be personally liable for any act, debt, 24 obligation, or liability of the limited liability company to the extent 25 that shareholders of a Washington business corporation would be liable 26 in analogous circumstances. In this regard, the court may consider the 27 factors and policies set forth in established case law with regard to 28 piercing the corporate veil.

ARTICLE II. FORMATION: CERTIFICATE OF FORMATION, AMENDMENT, FILING AND EXECUTION

31 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 201.** CERTIFICATE OF FORMATION. (1) In order to 32 form a limited liability company, one or more persons must execute a

certificate of formation. The certificate of formation shall be filed
 in the office of the secretary of state and set forth:

(a) The name of the limited liability company;

4 (b) The address of the registered office and the name and address 5 of the registered agent for service of process required to be 6 maintained by section 104 of this act;

7 (c) The address of the principal place of business of the limited8 liability company;

9 (d) If the limited liability company is to have a specific date of 10 dissolution, the latest date on which the limited liability company is 11 to dissolve;

(e) If management of the limited liability company is vested in amanager or managers, a statement to that effect;

(f) Any other matters the members decide to include therein; and(g) The name and address of each person executing the certificate

16 of formation.

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17 (2) Effect of filing:

(a) Unless a delayed effective date is specified, a limited liability company is formed when its certificate of formation is filed by the secretary of state. A delayed effective date for a certificate of formation may be no later than the ninetieth day after the date it is filed.

(b) The secretary of state's filing of the certificate of formation
is conclusive proof that the persons executing the certificate
satisfied all conditions precedent to the formation except in a
proceeding by the state to cancel the certificate.

(c) A limited liability company formed under this chapter shall be a separate legal entity, the existence of which as a separate legal entity shall continue until cancellation of the limited liability company's certificate of formation.

31 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 202. AMENDMENT TO CERTIFICATE OF FORMATION. 32 (1) A certificate of formation is amended by filing a certificate of 33 amendment thereto with the secretary of state. The certificate of 34 amendment shall set forth:

35 (a) The name of the limited liability company; and

36 (b) The amendment to the certificate of formation.

37 (2) A manager or, if there is no manager, then any member who38 becomes aware that any statement in a certificate of formation was

1 false when made, or that any matter described has changed making the 2 certificate of formation false in any material respect, shall promptly 3 amend the certificate of formation.

4 (3) A certificate of formation may be amended at any time for any 5 other proper purpose.

6 (4) Unless otherwise provided in this chapter or unless a later 7 effective date (which shall be a date not later than the ninetieth day 8 after the date it is filed) is provided for in the certificate of 9 amendment, a certificate of amendment shall be effective when filed by 10 the secretary of state.

CANCELLATION OF CERTIFICATE. 11 NEW SECTION. Sec. 203. Α certificate of formation shall be canceled upon the effective date of 12 the certificate of cancellation, or as provided in section 805 of this 13 14 act, or upon the filing of articles of merger if the limited liability 15 company is not the surviving or resulting entity in a merger. Α certificate of cancellation shall be filed in the office of the 16 secretary of state to accomplish the cancellation of a certificate of 17 18 formation upon the dissolution and the completion of winding up of a 19 limited liability company and shall set forth:

20 (1) The name of the limited liability company;

21 (2) The date of filing of its certificate of formation;

22 (3) The reason for filing the certificate of cancellation;

(4) The future effective date (which shall be a date not later than
the ninetieth day after the date it is filed) of cancellation if it is
not to be effective upon the filing of the certificate; and

(5) Any other information the person filing the certificate ofcancellation determines.

28 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 204. EXECUTION. (1) Each document required by 29 this chapter to be filed in the office of the secretary of state shall 30 be executed in the following manner:

(a) Each original certificate of formation must be signed by theperson or persons forming the limited liability company;

33 (b) A reservation of name may be signed by any person;

34 (c) A transfer of reservation of name must be signed by the 35 applicant for the reserved name;

36 (d) A registration of name must be signed by any member or manager37 of the foreign limited liability company;

(e) A certificate of amendment or restatement must be signed by at
 least one manager, or by a member if management of the limited
 liability company is reserved to the members;

4 (f) A certificate of cancellation must be signed by the person or
5 persons authorized to wind up the limited liability company's affairs
6 pursuant to section 806(1) of this act;

7 (g) If a surviving domestic limited liability company is filing 8 articles of merger, the articles of merger must be signed by at least 9 one manager, or by a member if management of the limited liability company is reserved to the members, or if the articles of merger are 10 being filed by a surviving foreign limited liability company, limited 11 12 partnership, or corporation, the articles of merger must be signed by 13 a person authorized by such foreign limited liability company, limited partnership, or corporation; and 14

(h) A foreign limited liability company's application for registration as a foreign limited liability company doing business within the state must be signed by any member or manager of the foreign limited liability company.

(2) Any person may sign a certificate, articles of merger, or limited liability company agreement by an attorney-in-fact, so long as each document signed in such manner identifies the capacity in which the signator signed.

(3) The person executing the document shall sign it and state beneath or opposite the signature the name of the person and capacity in which the person signs. The document must be typewritten or printed, and must meet such legibility or other standards as may be prescribed by the secretary of state.

(4) The execution of a certificate or articles of merger by any
 person constitutes an affirmation under the penalties of perjury that
 the facts stated therein are true.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 205. EXECUTION, AMENDMENT, OR CANCELLATION BY 31 (1) If a person required to execute a certificate 32 JUDICIAL ORDER. required by this chapter fails or refuses to do so, any other person 33 34 who is adversely affected by the failure or refusal may petition the superior courts to direct the execution of the certificate. 35 If the 36 court finds that the execution of the certificate is proper and that any person so designated has failed or refused to execute the 37

certificate, it shall order the secretary of state to record an
 appropriate certificate.

3 (2) If a person required to execute a limited liability company 4 agreement or amendment thereof fails or refuses to do so, any other 5 person who is adversely affected by the failure or refusal may petition the superior courts to direct the execution of the limited liability б 7 company agreement or amendment thereof. If the court finds that the limited liability company agreement or amendment thereof should be 8 9 executed and that any person required to execute the limited liability 10 company agreement or amendment thereof has failed or refused to do so, 11 it shall enter an order granting appropriate relief.

12 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 206. FILING. (1) The original signed copy, together with a duplicate copy that may be either a signed, 13 14 photocopied, or conformed copy, of the certificate of formation or any 15 other document required to be filed pursuant to this chapter shall be 16 delivered to the secretary of state. If the secretary of state determines that the documents conform to the filing provisions of this 17 18 chapter, he or she shall, when all required filing fees have been paid: 19 (a) Endorse on each signed original and duplicate copy the word "filed" and the date of its acceptance for filing; 20

(b) Retain the signed original in the secretary of state's files;and

23 (c) Return the duplicate copy to the person who filed it or the 24 person's representative.

(2) If the secretary of state is unable to make the determination required for filing by subsection (1) of this section at the time any documents are delivered for filing, the documents are deemed to have been filed at the time of delivery if the secretary of state subsequently determines that:

30 (a) The documents as delivered conform to the filing provisions of31 this chapter; or

32 (b) Within twenty days after notification of nonconformance is 33 given by the secretary of state to the person who delivered the 34 documents for filing or the person's representative, the documents are 35 brought into conformance.

(3) If the filing and determination requirements of this chapter
are not satisfied completely within the time prescribed in subsection
(2)(b) of this section, the documents shall not be filed.

(4) Upon the filing of a certificate of amendment (or judicial 1 decree of amendment) or restated certificate in the office of the 2 3 secretary of state, or upon the future effective date or time of a 4 certificate of amendment (or judicial decree thereof) or restated certificate, as provided for therein, the certificate of formation 5 shall be amended or restated as set forth therein. Upon the filing of 6 7 a certificate of cancellation (or a judicial decree thereof), or 8 articles of merger which act as a certificate of cancellation, or upon the future effective date or time of a certificate of cancellation (or 9 a judicial decree thereof) or of articles of merger which act as a 10 certificate of cancellation, as provided for therein, or as specified 11 12 in section 805 of this act, the certificate of formation is canceled.

13 Sec. 207. RESTATED CERTIFICATE. (1) A limited NEW SECTION. 14 liability company may, whenever desired, integrate into a single 15 instrument all of the provisions of its certificate of formation which 16 are then in effect and operative as a result of there having theretofore been filed with the secretary of state one or more 17 18 certificates or other instruments pursuant to any of the sections 19 referred to in this chapter and it may at the same time also further amend its certificate of formation by adopting a restated certificate 20 of formation. 21

22 (2) If a restated certificate of formation merely restates and 23 integrates but does not amend the initial certificate of formation, as 24 theretofore amended or supplemented by any instrument that was executed 25 and filed pursuant to any of the sections in this chapter, it shall be specifically designated in its heading as a "Restated Certificate of 26 27 Formation" together with such other words as the limited liability company may deem appropriate and shall be executed by at least one 28 29 manager, or by a member if management of the limited liability company 30 is reserved to its members, and filed as provided in section 206 of this act in the office of the secretary of state. If a restated 31 certificate restates and integrates and also amends in any respect the 32 33 certificate of formation, as theretofore amended or supplemented, it shall be specifically designated in its heading as an "Amended and 34 Restated Certificate of Formation" together with such other words as 35 36 the limited liability company may deem appropriate and shall be 37 executed by at least one manager, or by a member if management of the 38 limited liability company is reserved to its members, and filed as

1 provided in section 206 of this act in the office of the secretary of 2 state.

3 (3) A restated certificate of formation shall state, either in its 4 heading or in an introductory paragraph, the limited liability company's present name, and, if it has been changed, the name under 5 which it was originally filed, and the date of filing of its original б 7 certificate of formation with the secretary of state, and the future 8 effective date (which shall be a date not later than the ninetieth day 9 after the date it is filed) of the restated certificate if it is not to 10 be effective upon the filing of the restated certificate. A restated certificate shall also state that it was duly executed and is being 11 filed in accordance with this section. If a restated certificate only 12 13 restates and integrates and does not further amend a limited liability company's certificate of formation as theretofore 14 amended or supplemented and there is no discrepancy between those provisions and 15 the restated certificate, it shall state that fact as well. 16

17 (4) Upon the filing of a restated certificate of formation with the secretary of state, or upon the future effective date or time of a 18 19 restated certificate of formation as provided for therein, the initial certificate of formation, as theretofore amended or supplemented, shall 20 be superseded; thenceforth, the restated certificate of formation, 21 including any further amendment or changes made thereby, shall be the 22 certificate of formation of the limited liability company, but the 23 24 original effective date of formation shall remain unchanged.

(5) Any amendment or change effected in connection with the restatement and integration of the certificate of formation shall be subject to any other provision of this chapter, not inconsistent with this section, which would apply if a separate certificate of amendment were filed to effect such amendment or change.

30 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 208. (1) Each domestic limited liability 31 company, and each foreign limited liability company authorized to 32 transact business in this state, shall deliver to the secretary of 33 state for filing, both initial and annual reports that set forth:

34 (a) The name of the company and the state or country under whose35 law it is organized;

(b) The street address of its registered office and the name of itsregistered agent at that office in this state;

(c) In the case of a foreign company, the address of its principal
 office in the state or country under the laws of which it is organized;
 (d) The address of the principal place of business of the company
 in this state;

5 (e) The names and addresses of the company's members, or if the 6 management of the company is vested in a manager or managers, then the 7 name and address of its manager or managers; and

8

(f) A brief description of the nature of its business.

9 (2) Information in an initial report or an annual report must be 10 current as of the date the report is executed on behalf of the company. (3) A company's initial report must be delivered to the secretary 11 of state within one hundred twenty days of the date on which a domestic 12 company's certificate of formation was filed, or on which a foreign 13 company's application for registration was submitted. 14 Subsequent 15 annual reports must be delivered to the secretary of state on a date 16 determined by the secretary of state, and at such additional times as 17 the company elects.

18

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ARTICLE III. MEMBERS

19 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 301. ADMISSION OF MEMBERS. (1) In connection 20 with the formation of a limited liability company, a person acquiring 21 a limited liability company interest is admitted as a member of the 22 limited liability company upon the later to occur of:

(a) The formation of the limited liability company; or

(b) The time provided in and upon compliance with the limited liability company agreement or, if the limited liability company agreement does not so provide or does not exist, when the person's admission is reflected in the records of the limited liability company.

(2) After the formation of a limited liability company, a person
 acquiring a limited liability company interest is admitted as a member
 of the limited liability company:

(a) In the case of a person acquiring a limited liability company interest directly from the limited liability company, at the time provided in and upon compliance with the limited liability company agreement or, if the limited liability company agreement does not so provide or does not exist, upon the consent of all members and when the

1 person's admission is reflected in the records of the limited liability 2 company; or

3 (b) In the case of an assignee of a limited liability company 4 interest who meets the conditions for membership set forth in section 5 704(1) of this act, at the time provided in and upon compliance with 6 the limited liability company agreement or, if the limited liability 7 company agreement does not so provide or does not exist, when any such 8 assignee's admission as a member is reflected in the records of the 9 limited liability company.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 302. VOTING AND CLASSES OF MEMBERSHIP. 10 (1)Except as provided in this chapter, or in the limited liability company 11 12 agreement, and subject to subsection (2) of this section, the affirmative vote, approval, or consent of members contributing, or 13 14 required to contribute, more than fifty percent of the agreed value (as 15 stated in the records of the limited liability company required to be kept pursuant to section 305 of this act) of the contributions made, or 16 required to be made, by all members shall be necessary for actions 17 18 requiring member approval.

(2) Except as provided in the limited liability company agreement,
the affirmative vote, approval, or consent of all members shall be
required to:

22 (a) Amend the limited liability company agreement; or

(b) Authorize a manager, member, or other person to do any act on behalf of the limited liability company that contravenes the limited liability company agreement, including any provision thereof which expressly limits the purpose, business, or affairs of the limited liability company or the conduct thereof.

(3) A limited liability company agreement may provide for classes 28 29 or groups of members having such relative rights, powers, and duties as 30 the limited liability company agreement may provide, and may make provision for the future creation in the manner provided in the limited 31 32 liability company agreement of additional classes or groups of members having such relative rights, powers, and duties as may from time to 33 34 time be established, including rights, powers, and duties senior to existing classes and groups of members. A limited liability company 35 36 agreement may provide for the taking of an action, including the 37 amendment of the limited liability company agreement, without the vote 38 or approval of any member or class or group of members, including an

action to create under the provisions of the limited liability company
 agreement a class or group of limited liability company interests that
 was not previously outstanding.

4 (4) A limited liability company agreement may grant to all or 5 certain identified members or a specified class or group of the members 6 the right to vote separately or with all or any class or group of the 7 members or managers, on any matter. If the limited liability company 8 agreement so provides, voting by members may be on a per capita, 9 number, profit share, class, group, or any other basis.

10 (5) A limited liability company agreement which contains provisions 11 related to voting rights of members may set forth provisions relating 12 to notice of the time, place, or purpose of any meeting at which any 13 matter is to be voted on by any members, waiver of any such notice, 14 action by consent without a meeting, the establishment of a record 15 date, quorum requirements, voting in person or by proxy, or any other 16 matter with respect to the exercise of any such right to vote.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 303. LIABILITY OF MEMBERS AND MANAGERS TO THIRD 17 18 PARTIES. (1) Except as otherwise provided by this chapter, the debts, 19 obligations, and liabilities of a limited liability company, whether arising in contract, tort or otherwise, shall be solely the debts, 20 obligations, and liabilities of the limited liability company; and no 21 member or manager of a limited liability company shall be obligated 22 23 personally for any such debt, obligation, or liability of the limited 24 liability company solely by reason of being a member or acting as a 25 manager of the limited liability company.

26 (2) A member or manager of a limited liability company is27 personally liable for his or her own torts.

28 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 304.** EVENTS OF DISSOCIATION. (1) A person 29 ceases to be a member of a limited liability company upon the 30 occurrence of one or more of the following events:

(a) The member withdraws by voluntary act from the limitedliability company as provided in subsection (3) of this section;

33 (b) The member ceases to be a member as provided in section 34 702(2)(b) of this act following an assignment of all the member's 35 limited liability company interest;

36 (c) The member is removed as a member in accordance with the 37 limited liability company agreement;

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(d) Unless otherwise provided in the limited liability company 1 agreement, or with the written consent of all other members at the 2 time, the member (i) makes a general assignment for the benefit of 3 4 creditors; (ii) files a voluntary petition in bankruptcy; (iii) becomes the subject of an order for relief in bankruptcy proceedings; (iv) 5 files a petition or answer seeking for himself or herself any 6 7 reorganization, arrangement, composition, readjustment, liquidation, 8 dissolution, or similar relief under any statute, law, or regulation; 9 (v) files an answer or other pleading admitting or failing to contest 10 the material allegations of a petition filed against him or her in any proceeding of the nature described in (d) (i) through (iv) of this 11 subsection; or (vi) seeks, consents to, or acquiesces in the 12 13 appointment of a trustee, receiver, or liquidator of the member or of all or any substantial part of the member's properties; 14

15 (e) Unless otherwise provided in the limited liability company agreement, or with the consent of all other members at the time, one 16 17 hundred twenty days after the commencement of any proceeding against seeking reorganization, arrangement, composition, 18 the member 19 readjustment, liquidation, dissolution, or similar relief under any 20 statute, law, or regulation, the proceeding has not been dismissed, or if within ninety days after the appointment without his or her consent 21 or acquiescence of a trustee, receiver, or liquidator of the member or 22 of all or any substantial part of the member's properties, the 23 24 appointment is not vacated or stayed, or within ninety days after the 25 expiration of any stay, the appointment is not vacated;

(f) Unless otherwise provided in the limited liability company agreement, or with written consent of all other members at the time, in the case of a member who is an individual, the entry of an order by a court of competent jurisdiction adjudicating the member incompetent to manage his or her person or estate;

(g) Unless otherwise provided in the limited liability company agreement, or with written consent of all other members at the time, in the case of a member that is another limited liability company, the dissolution and commencement of winding up of such limited liability company;

(h) Unless otherwise provided in the limited liability company agreement, or with written consent of all other members at the time, in the case of a member that is a corporation, the filing of articles of dissolution or the equivalent for the corporation or the administrative dissolution of the corporation and the lapse of any period authorized
 for application for reinstatement; or

3 (i) Unless otherwise provided in the limited liability company 4 agreement, or with written consent of all other members at the time, in 5 the case of a member that is a limited partnership, the dissolution and 6 commencement of winding up of such limited partnership.

7 (2) The limited liability company agreement may provide for other
8 events the occurrence of which result in a person ceasing to be a
9 member of the limited liability company.

10 (3) Unless otherwise provided in the limited liability company 11 agreement, a member may withdraw from a limited liability company at 12 any time by giving thirty days' written notice to the other members.

13 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 305.** RECORDS AND INFORMATION. (1) A limited 14 liability company shall keep at its principal place of business the 15 following:

(a) A current and a past list, setting forth the full name and lastknown mailing address of each member and manager, if any;

(b) A copy of its certificate of formation and all amendmentsthereto;

(c) A copy of its current limited liability company agreement and all amendments thereto, and a copy of any prior agreements no longer in effect;

(d) Unless contained in its certificate of formation or limitedliability company agreement, a written statement of:

(i) The amount of cash and a description of the agreed value of the other property or services contributed by each member (including that member's predecessors in interest), and which each member has agreed to contribute;

(ii) The times at which or events on the happening of which any additional contributions agreed to be made by each member are to be made; and

(iii) Any right of any member to receive distributions whichinclude a return of all or any part of the member's contribution.

(e) A copy of the limited liability company's federal, state, and
 local tax returns and reports, if any, for the three most recent years;
 and

(f) A copy of any financial statements of the limited liabilitycompany for the three most recent years.

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1 (2) The records required by subsection (1) of this section to be 2 kept by a limited liability company are subject to inspection and 3 copying at the reasonable request, and at the expense, of any member 4 during ordinary business hours. A member's agent or attorney has the 5 same inspection and copying rights as the member.

6 (3) Each manager shall have the right to examine all of the 7 information described in subsection (1) of this section for a purpose 8 reasonably related to his or her position as a manager.

9 (4) A limited liability company may maintain its records in other 10 than a written form if such form is capable of conversion into written 11 form within a reasonable time.

12 (5) Any action to enforce any right arising under this section13 shall be brought in the superior courts.

14 NEW SECTION. Sec. 306. REMEDIES FOR BREACH OF LIMITED LIABILITY 15 COMPANY AGREEMENT BY MEMBER. A limited liability company agreement may provide that (1) a member who fails to perform in accordance with, or 16 to comply with the terms and conditions of, the limited liability 17 18 company agreement shall be subject to specified penalties or specified 19 consequences, and (2) at the time or upon the happening of events specified in the limited liability company agreement, a member shall be 20 21 subject to specified penalties or specified consequences.

22

ARTICLE IV. MANAGEMENT AND MANAGERS

NEW SECTION. Sec. 401. MANAGEMENT. (1) Unless the certificate of 23 formation vests management of the limited liability company in a 24 manager or managers, management of the business or affairs of the 25 26 limited liability company shall be vested in the members. Subject to 27 any provisions in the limited liability company agreement or this chapter restricting or enlarging the management rights and duties of 28 any person or group or class of persons, the members shall have the 29 30 right and authority to manage the affairs of the limited liability 31 company and to make all decisions with respect thereto.

(2) If the certificate of formation vests management of the limited liability company in one or more managers, then such persons shall have such power to manage the business or affairs of the limited liability company as is provided in the limited liability company agreement.

Unless otherwise provided in the limited liability company agreement,
 such persons:

3 (a) Shall be designated, appointed, elected, removed, or replaced 4 by a vote, approval, or consent of members contributing, or required to 5 contribute, more than fifty percent of the agreed value (as stated in 6 the records of the limited liability company required to be kept 7 pursuant to section 305 of this act) of the contributions made, or 8 required to be made, by all members at the time of such action;

9 (b) Need not be members of the limited liability company or natural 10 persons; and

(c) Unless they have been earlier removed or have earlier resigned,
shall hold office until their successors shall have been elected and
qualified.

(3) If the certificate of formation vests management of the limited
liability company in a manager or managers, no member, acting solely in
the capacity as a member, is an agent of the limited liability company.

17 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 402. LIABILITY OF MANAGERS AND MEMBERS. Unless
 18 otherwise provided in the limited liability company agreement:

(1) A member or manager shall not be liable, responsible, or accountable in damages or otherwise to the limited liability company or to the members of the limited liability company for any action taken or failure to act on behalf of the limited liability company unless such act or omission constitutes gross negligence, intentional misconduct, or a knowing violation of law.

25 (2) Every member and manager must account to the limited liability company and hold as trustee for it any profit or benefit derived by him 26 or her without the consent of a majority of the disinterested managers 27 or members, or other persons participating in the management of the 28 29 business or affairs of the limited liability company from (a) any transaction connected with the conduct or winding up of the limited 30 liability company or (b) any use by him or her of its property, 31 including, but not limited to, confidential or proprietary information 32 of the limited liability company or other matters entrusted to him or 33 34 her as a result of his or her status as manager or member.

35 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 403. MANAGER-MEMBERS' RIGHTS AND DUTIES. A 36 person who is both a manager and a member has the rights and powers, 37 and is subject to the restrictions and liabilities, of a manager and,

1 except as provided in a limited liability company agreement, also has 2 the rights and powers, and is subject to the restrictions and 3 liabilities, of a member to the extent of his or her participation in 4 the limited liability company as a member.

5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 404. VOTING AND CLASSES OF MANAGERS. (1) 6 Unless the limited liability company agreement provides otherwise, the 7 affirmative vote, approval, or consent of more than one-half by number 8 of the managers shall be required to decide any matter connected with 9 the business and affairs of the limited liability company.

(2) A limited liability company agreement may provide for classes 10 11 or groups of managers having such relative rights, powers, and duties 12 as the limited liability company agreement may provide, and may make provision for the future creation in the manner provided in the limited 13 14 liability company agreement of additional classes or groups of managers having such relative rights, powers, and duties as may from time to 15 time be established, including rights, powers, and duties senior to 16 existing classes and groups of managers. A limited liability company 17 18 agreement may provide for the taking of an action, including the 19 amendment of the limited liability company agreement, without the vote or approval of any manager or class or group of managers, including an 20 21 action to create under the provisions of the limited liability company 22 agreement a class or group of limited liability company interests that 23 was not previously outstanding.

(3) A limited liability company agreement may grant to all or certain identified managers or a specified class or group of the managers the right to vote, separately or with all or any class or group of managers or members, on any matter. If the limited liability company agreement so provides, voting by managers may be on a financial interest, class, group, or any other basis.

30 (4) A limited liability company agreement which contains provisions 31 related to voting rights of managers may set forth provisions relating 32 to notice of the time, place, or purpose of any meeting at which any 33 matter is to be voted on by any manager or class or group of managers, 34 waiver of any such notice, action by consent without a meeting, the establishment of a record date, quorum requirements, voting in person 35 36 or by proxy, or any other matter with respect to the exercise of any such right to vote. 37

NEW SECTION. Sec. 405. REMEDIES FOR BREACH OF LIMITED LIABILITY 1 COMPANY AGREEMENT BY MANAGER. A limited liability company agreement 2 3 may provide that (1) a manager who fails to perform in accordance with, 4 or to comply with the terms and conditions of, the limited liability 5 company agreement shall be subject to specified penalties or specified consequences, and (2) at the time or upon the happening of events 6 7 specified in the limited liability company agreement, a manager shall 8 be subject to specified penalties or specified consequences.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 406. RELIANCE ON REPORTS AND INFORMATION BY 9 MEMBER OR MANAGER. In discharging the duties of a manager or a member, 10 11 a member or manager of a limited liability company is entitled to rely 12 in good faith upon the records of the limited liability company and 13 upon such information, opinions, reports, or statements presented to 14 the limited liability company by any of its other managers, members, 15 officers, employees, or committees of the limited liability company, or by any other person, as to matters the member or manager reasonably 16 believes are within such other person's professional or expert 17 18 competence and who has been selected with reasonable care by or on 19 behalf of the limited liability company, including information, opinions, reports, or statements as to the value and amount of the 20 assets, liabilities, profits, or losses of the limited liability 21 22 company or any other facts pertinent to the existence and amount of 23 assets from which distributions to members might properly be paid.

24 NEW SECTION. Sec. 407. RESIGNATION OF MANAGER. A manager may 25 resign as a manager of a limited liability company at the time or upon the happening of events specified in a limited liability company 26 27 agreement and in accordance with the limited liability company 28 agreement. A limited liability company agreement may provide that a 29 manager shall not have the right to resign as a manager of a limited liability company. Notwithstanding that a limited liability company 30 31 agreement provides that a manager does not have the right to resign as 32 a manager of a limited liability company, a manager may resign as a 33 manager of a limited liability company at any time by giving written notice to the members and other managers. If the resignation of a 34 35 manager violates a limited liability company agreement, in addition to 36 any remedies otherwise available under applicable law, a limited 37 liability company may recover from the resigning manager damages for

breach of the limited liability company agreement and offset the
 damages against the amount otherwise distributable to the resigning
 manager.

4

ARTICLE V. FINANCE

5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 501. FORM OF CONTRIBUTION. The contribution of 6 a member to a limited liability company may be made in cash, property 7 or services rendered, or a promissory note or other obligation to 8 contribute cash or property or to perform services.

9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 502. LIABILITY FOR CONTRIBUTION. (1) Except as provided in a limited liability company agreement, a member is 10 obligated to a limited liability company to perform any promise to 11 12 contribute cash or property or to perform services, even if the member 13 is unable to perform because of death, disability, or any other reason. If a member does not make the required contribution of property or 14 15 services, the member is obligated at the option of the limited liability company to contribute cash equal to that portion of the 16 agreed value (as stated in the records of the limited liability company 17 required to be kept pursuant to section 305 of this act) of the 18 contribution that has not been made. This option shall be in addition 19 20 to, and not in lieu of, any other rights, including the right to 21 specific performance, that the limited liability company may have 22 against such member under the limited liability company agreement or 23 applicable law.

(2) Unless otherwise provided in a limited liability company 24 25 agreement, the obligation of a member to make a contribution or return 26 money or other property paid or distributed in violation of this 27 chapter may be compromised only by consent of all the members. Notwithstanding the compromise, a creditor of a limited liability 28 company who extends credit, after either the certificate of formation, 29 30 limited liability company agreement or an amendment thereto, or records required to be kept under section 305 of this act reflect the 31 obligation, and before the amendment of any thereof to reflect the 32 33 compromise, may enforce the original obligation to the extent that, in extending credit, the creditor reasonably relied on the obligation of 34 35 a member to make a contribution or return. A conditional obligation of

1 a member to make a contribution or return money or other property to a 2 limited liability company may not be enforced unless the conditions of 3 the obligation have been satisfied or waived as to or by such member. 4 Conditional obligations include contributions payable upon a 5 discretionary call of a limited liability company prior to the time the 6 call occurs.

7 (3) A limited liability company agreement may provide that the 8 interest of any member who fails to make any contribution that the 9 member is obligated to make shall be subject to specified penalties for, or specified consequences of, such failure. Such penalty or 10 consequence may take the form of reducing or eliminating the defaulting 11 member's proportionate interest in a limited liability company, 12 13 subordinating the member's limited liability company interest to that of nondefaulting members, a forced sale of the member's limited 14 15 liability company interest, forfeiture of the member's limited 16 liability company interest, the lending by other members of the amount 17 necessary to meet the member's commitment, a fixing of the value of the member's limited liability company interest by appraisal or by formula 18 19 and redemption or sale of the member's limited liability company 20 interest at such value, or other penalty or consequence.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 503. ALLOCATION OF PROFITS AND LOSSES. 21 The 22 profits and losses of a limited liability company shall be allocated 23 among the members, and among classes or groups of members, in the 24 manner provided in a limited liability company agreement. If the 25 limited liability company agreement does not so provide, profits and losses shall be allocated in proportion to the agreed value (as stated 26 in the records of the limited liability company required to be kept 27 pursuant to section 305 of this act) of the contributions made, or 28 29 required to be made, by each member.

Sec. 504. 30 NEW SECTION. ALLOCATION OF DISTRIBUTIONS. Distributions of cash or other assets of a limited liability company 31 32 shall be allocated among the members, and among classes or groups of 33 members, in the manner provided in a limited liability company agreement. If the limited liability company agreement does not so 34 35 provide, distributions shall be made in proportion to the agreed value 36 (as stated in the records of the limited liability company required to

be kept pursuant to section 305 of this act) of the contributions made,
 or required to be made, by each member.

3

ARTICLE VI. DISTRIBUTIONS AND RESIGNATION

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 601. INTERIM DISTRIBUTIONS. Except as provided in this article, to the extent and at the times or upon the happening of the events specified in a limited liability company agreement, a member is entitled to receive from a limited liability company distributions before the member's dissociation from the limited liability company and before the dissolution and winding up thereof.

10 Sec. 602. DISTRIBUTION ON EVENT OF DISSOCIATION. NEW SECTION. 11 Upon the occurrence of an event of dissociation under section 304 of 12 this act which does not cause dissolution (other than an event of 13 dissociation specified in section 304(2) of this act where the dissociating member's assignee is admitted as a member), a dissociating 14 15 member (or the member's assignee) is entitled to receive any 16 distribution to which the member (or assignee) is entitled under the limited liability company agreement and, if not otherwise provided in 17 a limited liability company agreement, the member (or the member's 18 assignee) is entitled to receive, within a reasonable time after 19 20 dissociation, the fair value of the member's limited liability company 21 interest as of the date of the dissociation based upon the member's 22 right to share in distributions from the limited liability company.

23 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 603. DISTRIBUTION IN-KIND. Except as provided in a limited liability company agreement, a member, regardless of the 24 25 nature of the member's contribution, has no right to demand and receive 26 any distribution from a limited liability company in any form other Except as provided in a limited liability company 27 than cash. agreement, a member may not be compelled to accept a distribution of 28 29 any asset in-kind from a limited liability company to the extent that 30 the percentage of the asset distributed to the member exceeds a percentage of that asset which is equal to the percentage in which he 31 or she shares in distributions from the limited liability company. 32

Sec. 604. RIGHT TO DISTRIBUTION. Subject to 1 NEW SECTION. sections 605 and 807 of this act, and unless otherwise provided in a 2 limited liability company agreement, at the time a member becomes 3 4 entitled to receive a distribution, he or she has the status of, and is entitled to all remedies available to, a creditor of a limited 5 liability company with respect to the distribution. б A limited 7 liability company agreement may provide for the establishment of a 8 record date with respect to allocations and distributions by a limited 9 liability company.

10 NEW SECTION. Sec. 605. LIMITATIONS ON DISTRIBUTION. (1) A limited liability company shall not make a distribution to a member to 11 12 the extent that at the time of the distribution, after giving effect to 13 the distribution (a) the limited liability company would not be able to 14 pay its debts as they became due in the usual course of business, or (b) all liabilities of the limited liability company, other than 15 liabilities to members on account of their limited liability company 16 interests and liabilities for which the recourse of creditors is 17 18 limited to specified property of the limited liability company, exceed 19 the fair value of the assets of the limited liability company, except that the fair value of property that is subject to a liability for 20 which the recourse of creditors is limited shall be included in the 21 assets of the limited liability company only to the extent that the 22 23 fair value of that property exceeds that liability.

24 (2) A member who receives a distribution in violation of subsection 25 (1) of this section, and who knew at the time of the distribution that the distribution violated subsection (1) of this section, shall be 26 27 liable to a limited liability company for the amount of the distribution. A member who receives a distribution in violation of 28 29 subsection (1) of this section, and who did not know at the time of the distribution that the distribution violated subsection (1) of this 30 section, shall not be liable for the amount of the distribution. 31 Subject to subsection (3) of this section, this subsection (2) shall 32 33 not affect any obligation or liability of a member under a limited 34 liability company agreement or other applicable law for the amount of a distribution. 35

(3) Unless otherwise agreed, a member who receives a distribution
 from a limited liability company shall have no liability under this
 chapter or other applicable law for the amount of the distribution

1 after the expiration of three years from the date of the distribution 2 unless an action to recover the distribution from such member is 3 commenced prior to the expiration of the said three-year period and an 4 adjudication of liability against such member is made in the said 5 action.

ARTICLE VII. ASSIGNMENT OF LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY INTERESTS

8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 701. NATURE OF LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY 9 INTEREST--CERTIFICATE OF INTEREST. (1) A limited liability company 10 interest is personal property. A member has no interest in specific 11 limited liability company property.

12 (2) A limited liability company agreement may provide that a 13 member's interest in a limited liability company may be evidenced by a 14 certificate of limited liability company interest issued by the limited 15 liability company.

16 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 702. ASSIGNMENT OF LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY 17 INTEREST. (1) A limited liability company interest is assignable in 18 whole or in part except as provided in a limited liability company 19 agreement. The assignee of a member's limited liability company 20 interest shall have no right to participate in the management of the 21 business and affairs of a limited liability company except:

(a) Upon the approval of all of the members of the limited
liability company other than the member assigning his or her limited
liability company interest; or

25 (b) As provided in a limited liability company agreement.

26 (2) Unless otherwise provided in a limited liability company 27 agreement:

(a) An assignment entitles the assignee to share in such profits
and losses, to receive such distributions, and to receive such
allocation of income, gain, loss, deduction, or credit or similar item
to which the assignor was entitled, to the extent assigned; and

32 (b) A member ceases to be a member and to have the power to 33 exercise any rights or powers of a member upon assignment of all of his 34 or her limited liability company interest.

6 7

(3) For the purposes of this chapter, unless otherwise provided in
 a limited liability company agreement:

3 (a) The pledge of, or granting of a security interest, lien, or 4 other encumbrance in or against, any or all of the limited liability company interest of a member shall not be deemed to be an assignment of 5 the member's limited liability company interest, but a foreclosure or 6 7 execution sale or exercise of similar rights with respect to all of a 8 member's limited liability company interest shall be deemed to be an 9 assignment of the member's limited liability company interest to the 10 transferee pursuant to such foreclosure or execution sale or exercise of similar rights; 11

(b) The death of a member who is an individual shall be deemed to an assignment of that member's entire limited liability company interest to his or her personal representative;

15 (c) Where a limited liability company interest is held in a trust 16 or estate, or is held by a trustee, personal representative, or other fiduciary, the transfer of the limited liability company interest, 17 whether to a beneficiary of the trust or estate or otherwise, shall be 18 19 deemed to be an assignment of such limited liability company interest, but the mere substitution or replacement of the trustee, personal 20 representative, or other fiduciary shall not constitute an assignment 21 of any portion of such limited liability company interest. 22

(4) Unless otherwise provided in a limited liability company agreement and except to the extent assumed by agreement, until an assignee of a limited liability company interest becomes a member, the assignee shall have no liability as a member solely as a result of the assignment.

28 Sec. 703. RIGHTS OF JUDGMENT CREDITOR. NEW SECTION. On 29 application to a court of competent jurisdiction by any judgment 30 creditor of a member, the court may charge the limited liability company interest of the member with payment of the unsatisfied amount 31 of the judgment with interest. To the extent so charged, the judgment 32 33 creditor has only the rights of an assignee of the limited liability 34 company interest. This chapter does not deprive any member of the benefit of any exemption laws applicable to the member's limited 35 36 liability company interest.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 704. RIGHT OF ASSIGNEE TO BECOME MEMBER. (1)
 An assignee of a limited liability company interest may become a member
 upon:

4 (a) The approval of all of the members of the limited liability
5 company other than the member assigning his or her limited liability
6 company interest; or

7 (b) Compliance with any procedure provided for in the limited 8 liability company agreement.

9 (2) An assignee who has become a member has, to the extent 10 assigned, the rights and powers, and is subject to the restrictions and 11 liabilities, of a member under a limited liability company agreement 12 and this chapter. An assignee who becomes a member is liable for the 13 obligations of his or her assignor to make contributions as provided in 14 section 502 of this act, and for the obligations of his or her assignor 15 under article VI of this chapter.

16 (3) Whether or not an assignee of a limited liability company 17 interest becomes a member, the assignor is not released from his or her 18 liability to a limited liability company under articles V and VI of 19 this chapter.

20

ARTICLE VIII. DISSOLUTION

21 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 801. DISSOLUTION. A limited liability company 22 is dissolved and its affairs shall be wound up upon the first to occur 23 of the following:

(1) The date specified in a limited liability company agreement, or
thirty years from the date of the formation of the limited liability
company if no such date is set forth in the limited liability company
agreement;

(2) The happening of events specified in a limited liabilitycompany agreement;

30 (3) The written consent of all members;

31 (4) An event of dissociation of a member, unless the business of 32 the limited liability company is continued either by the consent of all 33 the remaining members within ninety days following the occurrence of 34 any such event or pursuant to a right to continue stated in the limited 35 liability company agreement; (5) The entry of a decree of judicial dissolution under section 802
 of this act;

3 (6) At any time there are fewer than two members unless, within 4 ninety days following the event of dissociation upon which the number 5 of members is reduced below two, one or more additional members are 6 admitted so that there are at least two members; or

7 (7) The expiration of two years after the effective date of 8 dissolution under section 804 of this act without the reinstatement of 9 the limited liability company.

10 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 802. JUDICIAL DISSOLUTION. On application by 11 or for a member or manager the superior courts may decree dissolution 12 of a limited liability company whenever: (1) It is not reasonably 13 practicable to carry on the business in conformity with a limited 14 liability company agreement; or (2) other circumstances render 15 dissolution equitable.

16 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 803. ADMINISTRATIVE DISSOLUTION--COMMENCEMENT 17 OF PROCEEDING. The secretary of state may commence a proceeding under 18 section 804 of this act to administratively dissolve a limited 19 liability company if:

(1) The limited liability company is without a registered agent orregistered office in this state for sixty days or more; or

(2) The limited liability company does not notify the secretary of state within sixty days that its registered agent or registered office has been changed, that its registered agent has resigned, or that its registered office has been discontinued.

<u>NEW SECTION</u>. Sec. 804. ADMINISTRATIVE DISSOLUTION--NOTICE--26 OPPORTUNITY TO CORRECT DEFICIENCIES. (1) If the secretary of state 27 determines that one or more grounds exist under section 803 of this act 28 for dissolving a limited liability company, the secretary of state 29 shall give the limited liability company written notice of the 30 determination by first class mail, postage prepaid, reciting the 31 grounds therefor. Notice shall be sent to the address of the principal 32 place of business of the limited liability company as it appears in the 33 34 records of the secretary of state.

(2) If the limited liability company does not correct each groundfor dissolution or demonstrate to the reasonable satisfaction of the

1 secretary of state that each ground determined by the secretary of 2 state does not exist within sixty days after notice is sent, the 3 limited liability company is thereupon dissolved. The secretary of 4 state shall give the limited liability company written notice of the 5 dissolution that recites the ground or grounds therefor and its 6 effective date.

7 (3) A limited liability company administratively dissolved
8 continues its existence but may not carry on any business except as
9 necessary to wind up and liquidate its business and affairs.

(4) The administrative dissolution of a limited liability companydoes not terminate the authority of its registered agent.

12 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 805. ADMINISTRATIVE DISSOLUTION--13 REINSTATEMENT--APPLICATION--WHEN EFFECTIVE. (1) A limited liability 14 company administratively dissolved under section 804 of this act may 15 apply to the secretary of state for reinstatement within two years 16 after the effective date of dissolution. The application must:

17 (a) Recite the name of the limited liability company and the18 effective date of its administrative dissolution;

(b) State that the ground or grounds for dissolution either did notexist or have been eliminated; and

(c) State that the limited liability company's name satisfies the requirements of section 102 of this act.

23 (2) If the secretary of state determines that the application 24 contains the information required by subsection (1) of this section and 25 that the name is available, the secretary of state shall reinstate the limited liability company and give the limited liability company 26 written notice, as provided in section 804(1) of this act, of the 27 reinstatement that recites the effective date of reinstatement. If the 28 29 name is not available, the limited liability company must file with its 30 application for reinstatement an amendment to its certificate of formation reflecting a change of name. 31

32 (3) When the reinstatement is effective, it relates back to and 33 takes effect as of the effective date of the administrative dissolution 34 and the limited liability company may resume carrying on its business 35 as if the administrative dissolution had never occurred.

(4) If an application for reinstatement is not made within the two year period set forth in subsection (1) of this section, or if the
 application made within this period is not granted, the secretary of

state shall cancel the limited liability company's certificate of
 formation.

3 NEW SECTION. Sec. 806. WINDING UP. (1) Unless otherwise provided in a limited liability company agreement, a manager who has not 4 5 wrongfully dissolved a limited liability company or, if none, the members or a person approved by the members or, if there is more than 6 7 one class or group of members, then by each class or group of members, 8 in either case, by members contributing, or required to contribute, 9 more than fifty percent of the agreed value (as stated in the records of the limited liability company required to be kept pursuant to 10 section 305 of this act) of the contributions made, or required to be 11 12 made, by all members, or by the members in each class or group, as 13 appropriate, may wind up the limited liability company's affairs. The 14 superior courts, upon cause shown, may wind up the limited liability 15 company's affairs upon application of any member or manager, his or her 16 legal representative or assignee, and in connection therewith, may appoint a receiver. 17

18 (2) Upon dissolution of a limited liability company and until the filing of a certificate of cancellation as provided in section 203 of 19 this act, the persons winding up the limited liability company's 20 affairs may, in the name of, and for and on behalf of, the limited 21 22 liability company, prosecute and defend suits, whether civil, criminal, 23 or administrative, gradually settle and close the limited liability 24 company's business, dispose of and convey the limited liability 25 company's property, discharge or make reasonable provision for the limited liability company's liabilities, and distribute to the members 26 any remaining assets of the limited liability company. 27

28 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 807.** DISTRIBUTION OF ASSETS. (1) Upon the 29 winding up of a limited liability company, the assets shall be 30 distributed as follows:

(a) To creditors, including members and managers who are creditors, to the extent otherwise permitted by law, in satisfaction of liabilities of the limited liability company (whether by payment or the making of reasonable provision for payment thereof) other than liabilities for which reasonable provision for payment has been made and liabilities for distributions to members under section 601 or 604 of this act;

1 (b) Unless otherwise provided in a limited liability company 2 agreement, to members and former members in satisfaction of liabilities 3 for distributions under section 601 or 604 of this act; and

4 (c) Unless otherwise provided in a limited liability company 5 agreement, to members first for the return of their contributions and 6 second respecting their limited liability company interests, in the 7 proportions in which the members share in distributions.

8 (2) A limited liability company which has dissolved shall pay or 9 make reasonable provision to pay all claims and obligations, including 10 all contingent, conditional, or unmatured claims and obligations, known to the limited liability company and all claims and obligations which 11 are known to the limited liability company but for which the identity 12 of the claimant is unknown. If there are sufficient assets, such 13 claims and obligations shall be paid in full and any such provision for 14 15 payment made shall be made in full. If there are insufficient assets, such claims and obligations shall be paid or provided for according to 16 17 their priority and, among claims and obligations of equal priority, ratably to the extent of assets available therefor. Unless otherwise 18 19 provided in a limited liability company agreement, any remaining assets 20 shall be distributed as provided in this chapter. Any person winding up a limited liability company's affairs who has complied with this 21 section is not personally liable to the claimants of the dissolved 22 limited liability company by reason of such person's actions in winding 23 24 up the limited liability company.

25

ARTICLE IX. FOREIGN LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANIES

26 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 901.** LAW GOVERNING. (1) Subject to the 27 Constitution of the state of Washington:

(a) The laws of the state, territory, possession, or other
jurisdiction or country under which a foreign limited liability company
is organized govern its organization and internal affairs and the
liability of its members and managers; and

32 (b) A foreign limited liability company may not be denied 33 registration by reason of any difference between those laws and the 34 laws of this state.

35 (2) A foreign limited liability company is subject to section 10636 of this act.

1 (3) A foreign limited liability company and its members and 2 managers doing business in this state thereby submit to personal 3 jurisdiction of the courts of this state and are subject to section 303 4 of this act.

5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 902. REGISTRATION REQUIRED--APPLICATION. 6 Before doing business in this state, a foreign limited liability 7 company shall register with the secretary of state. In order to 8 register, a foreign limited liability company shall submit to the 9 secretary of state, an application for registration as a foreign 10 limited liability company executed by any member or manager of the 11 foreign limited liability company, setting forth:

(1) The name of the foreign limited liability company and, if
different, the name under which it proposes to register and do business
in this state;

15 (2) The state, territory, possession, or other jurisdiction or 16 country where formed, the date of its formation and a duly 17 authenticated statement from the secretary of state or other official 18 having custody of limited liability company records in the jurisdiction 19 under whose law it was formed, that as of the date of filing the 20 foreign limited liability company validly exists as a limited liability 21 company under the laws of the jurisdiction of its formation;

(3) The nature of the business or purposes to be conducted orpromoted in this state;

(4) The address of the registered office and the name and address
of the registered agent for service of process required to be
maintained by section 904(2) of this act;

(5) The address of the principal place of business of the foreignlimited liability company;

(6) A statement that the secretary of state is appointed the agent
of the foreign limited liability company for service of process under
the circumstances set forth in section 910(2) of this act; and

32 (7) The date on which the foreign limited liability company first33 did, or intends to do, business in this state.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 903. ISSUANCE OF REGISTRATION. (1) If the secretary of state finds that an application for registration conforms to law and all requisite fees have been paid, the secretary shall:

1 (a) Certify that the application has been filed in his or her 2 office by endorsing upon the original application the word "Filed," and 3 the date of the filing. This endorsement is conclusive of the date of 4 its filing in the absence of actual fraud;

5

(b) File the endorsed application.

6 (2) The duplicate of the application, similarly endorsed, shall be 7 returned to the person who filed the application or that person's 8 representative.

9 NEW SECTION. Sec. 904. NAME--REGISTERED OFFICE--REGISTERED AGENT. (1) A foreign limited liability company may register with the secretary 10 of state under any name (whether or not it is the name under which it 11 12 is registered in the jurisdiction of its formation) that includes the words "Limited Liability Company," the words "Limited Liability" and 13 14 the abbreviation "Co.," or the abbreviation "L.L.C." and that could be 15 registered by a domestic limited liability company. A foreign limited 16 liability company may apply to the secretary of state for authorization to use a name which is not distinguishable upon the records of the 17 18 office of the secretary of state from the names described in RCW 19 23B.04.010(1)(d), and the names of any domestic or foreign limited liability company reserved, registered, or formed under the laws of 20 The secretary of state shall authorize use of the name 21 this state. applied for if the other corporation, limited liability company, or 22 23 limited partnership consents in writing to the use and files with the 24 secretary of state documents necessary to change its name, or the name 25 reserved or registered to a name that is distinguishable upon the records of the secretary of state from the name of the applying foreign 26 limited liability company. 27

(2) Each foreign limited liability company shall continuouslymaintain in this state:

30 (a) A registered office, which may but need not be a place of its business in this state. The registered office shall be at a specific 31 geographic location in this state, and be identified by number, if any, 32 and street, or building address or rural route, or, if a commonly known 33 34 street or rural route address does not exist, by legal description. A registered office may not be identified by post office box number or 35 36 other nongeographic address. For purposes of communicating by mail, 37 the secretary of state may permit the use of a post office address in 38 the same city as the registered office in conjunction with the

1 registered office address if the foreign limited liability company also 2 maintains on file the specific geographic address of the registered 3 office where personal service of process may be made;

4 (b) A registered agent for service of process on the foreign 5 limited liability company, which agent may be either an individual 6 resident of this state whose business office is identical with the 7 foreign limited liability company's registered office, or a domestic 8 corporation, a limited partnership or limited liability company, or a 9 foreign corporation authorized to do business in this state having a 10 business office identical with such registered office; and

(c) A registered agent who shall not be appointed without having 11 given prior written consent to the appointment. The written consent 12 shall be filed with the secretary of state in such form as the 13 secretary may prescribe. The written consent shall be filled with or 14 15 as a part of the document first appointing a registered agent. In the 16 event any individual, limited liability company, limited partnership, 17 or corporation has been appointed agent without consent, that person or corporation may file a notarized statement attesting to that fact, and 18 19 the name shall forthwith be removed from the records of the secretary of state. 20

(3) A registered agent may change the address of the registered 21 office of the foreign limited liability company or companies for which 22 the registered agent is registered agent to another address in this 23 24 state by filing with the secretary of state a certificate, executed by 25 such registered agent, setting forth the names of all the foreign 26 limited liability companies represented by such registered agent, and the address at which such registered agent has maintained the 27 registered office for each of such foreign limited liability companies, 28 29 and further certifying to the new address to which each such registered 30 office will be changed on a given day, and at which new address such registered agent will thereafter maintain the registered office for 31 each of the foreign limited liability companies recited in the 32 certificate. Upon the filing of such certificate, the secretary of 33 34 state shall furnish to the registered agent a certified copy of the 35 same, and thereafter, or until further change of address, as authorized by law, the registered office in this state of each of the foreign 36 37 limited liability companies recited in the certificate shall be located at the new address of the registered agent thereof as given in the 38 39 certificate. In the event of a change of name of any person acting as

a registered agent of a foreign limited liability company, such 1 registered agent shall file with the secretary of state a certificate, 2 executed by such registered agent, setting forth the new name of such 3 4 registered agent, the name of such registered agent before it was changed, the names of all the foreign limited liability companies 5 represented by such registered agent, and the address at which such 6 7 registered agent has maintained the registered office for each of such foreign limited liability companies. 8 Upon the filing of such 9 certificate, the secretary of state shall furnish to the registered 10 agent a certified copy of the same. Filing a certificate under this section shall be deemed to be an amendment of the application for 11 registration of each foreign limited liability company affected thereby 12 13 and each foreign limited liability company shall not be required to take any further action with respect thereto, to amend its application 14 15 under section 905 of this act. Any registered agent filing a 16 certificate under this section shall promptly, upon such filing, deliver a copy of any such certificate to each foreign limited 17 liability company affected thereby. 18

19 (4) The registered agent of one or more foreign limited liability 20 companies may resign and appoint a successor registered agent by filing a certificate with the secretary of state, stating that it resigns and 21 the name and address of the successor registered agent. There shall be 22 23 attached to such certificate a statement executed by each affected 24 foreign limited liability company ratifying and approving such change 25 of registered agent. Upon such filing, the successor registered agent 26 shall become the registered agent of such foreign limited liability 27 company as has ratified and approved such substitution and the successor registered agent's address, as stated in such certificate, 28 29 shall become the address of each such foreign limited liability 30 company's registered office in this state. The secretary of state 31 shall furnish to the successor registered agent a certified copy of the certificate of resignation. Filing of such certificate of resignation 32 shall be deemed to be an amendment of the application for registration 33 34 of each foreign limited liability company affected thereby and each 35 such foreign limited liability company shall not be required to take any further action with respect thereto, to amend its application under 36 37 section 905 of this act.

(5) The registered agent of a foreign limited liability company mayresign without appointing a successor registered agent by filing a

certificate with the secretary of state stating that it resigns as 1 registered agent for the foreign limited liability company identified 2 in the certificate, but such resignation shall not become effective 3 4 until one hundred twenty days after the certificate is filed. There shall be attached to such certificate an affidavit of such registered 5 agent, if an individual, or of the president, a vice-president, or the 6 7 secretary thereof if a corporation, that at least thirty days prior to 8 and on or about the date of the filing of said certificate, notices 9 were sent by certified or registered mail to the foreign limited 10 liability companies for which such registered agent is resigning as registered agent, at the principal office thereof within or outside 11 this state, if known to such registered agent or, if not, to the last 12 known address of the attorney or other individual at whose request such 13 registered agent was appointed for such foreign limited liability 14 15 company, of the resignation of such registered agent. After receipt of 16 the notice of the resignation of its registered agent, the foreign 17 limited liability company for which such registered agent was acting shall obtain and designate a new registered agent, to take the place of 18 19 the registered agent so resigning. If such foreign limited liability 20 company fails to obtain and designate a new registered agent as aforesaid prior to the expiration of the period of one hundred twenty 21 days after the filing by the registered agent of the certificate of 22 resignation, such foreign limited liability company shall not be 23 24 permitted to do business in this state and its registration shall be 25 deemed to be canceled. After the resignation of the registered agent 26 shall have become effective as provided in this section and if no new 27 registered agent shall have been obtained and designated in the time 28 and manner aforesaid, service of legal process against the foreign 29 limited liability company for which the resigned registered agent had 30 been acting shall thereafter be upon the secretary of state in 31 accordance with section 911 of this act.

Sec. 905. AMENDMENTS TO APPLICATION. 32 NEW SECTION. If any 33 statement in the application for registration of a foreign limited 34 liability company was false when made or any arrangements or other facts described have changed, making the application false in any 35 36 respect, the foreign limited liability company shall promptly file in 37 the office of the secretary of state a certificate, executed by any 38 member or manager, correcting such statement.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 906. CANCELLATION OF REGISTRATION. (1) A foreign limited liability company may cancel its registration by filing with the secretary of state a certificate of cancellation, executed by any member or manager. A cancellation does not terminate the authority of the secretary of state to accept service of process on the foreign limited liability company with respect to causes of action arising out of the doing of business in this state.

8 (2) The certificate of cancellation shall set forth:

9 (a) The name of the foreign limited liability company;

10 (b) The date of filing of its certificate of registration;

11 (c) The reason for filing the certificate of cancellation;

12 (d) The future effective date (not later than the ninetieth day 13 after the date it is filed) of cancellation if it is not to be 14 effective upon filing of the certificate;

(e) The address to which service of process may be forwarded; and (f) Any other information the person filing the certificate of cancellation desires.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 907. DOING BUSINESS WITHOUT REGISTRATION. (1) A foreign limited liability company doing business in this state may not maintain any action, suit, or proceeding in this state until it has registered in this state, and has paid to this state all fees and penalties for the years or parts thereof, during which it did business in this state without having registered.

(2) The failure of a foreign limited liability company to registerin this state does not impair:

26 (a) The validity of any contract or act of the foreign limited27 liability company;

(b) The right of any other party to the contract to maintain anyaction, suit, or proceeding on the contract; or

30 (c) Prevent the foreign limited liability company from defending31 any action, suit, or proceeding in any court of this state.

(3) A member or a manager of a foreign limited liability company is
not liable for the obligations of the foreign limited liability company
solely by reason of the limited liability company's having done
business in this state without registration.

36 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 908. FOREIGN LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANIES DOING 37 BUSINESS WITHOUT HAVING QUALIFIED--INJUNCTIONS. The superior courts

shall have jurisdiction to enjoin any foreign limited liability 1 2 company, or any agent thereof, from doing any business in this state if such foreign limited liability company has failed to register under 3 4 this article or if such foreign limited liability company has secured 5 a certificate of registration from the secretary of state under section 903 of this act on the basis of false or misleading representations. 6 7 The secretary of state shall, upon the secretary's own motion or upon the relation of proper parties, proceed for this purpose by complaint 8 9 in any county in which such foreign limited liability company is doing 10 or has done business.

11 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 909. TRANSACTIONS NOT CONSTITUTING TRANSACTING 12 BUSINESS. (1) The following activities, among others, do not 13 constitute transacting business within the meaning of this article:

14 (a) Maintaining or defending any action or suit or any
15 administrative or arbitration proceeding, or effecting the settlement
16 thereof or the settlement of claims or disputes;

(b) Holding meetings of the members, or managers if any, or activities concerning internal limited liability company affairs;

20 (c) Maintaining bank accounts, share accounts in savings and loan 21 associations, custodian or agency arrangements with a bank or trust 22 company, or stock or bond brokerage accounts;

(d) Maintaining offices or agencies for the transfer, exchange, and registration of the foreign limited liability company's own securities or interests or maintaining trustees or depositaries with respect to those securities or interests;

27

(e) Selling through independent contractors;

(f) Soliciting or procuring orders, whether by mail or through employees or agents or otherwise, where the orders require acceptance outside this state before becoming binding contracts and where the contracts do not involve any local performance other than delivery and installation;

(g) Making loans or creating or acquiring evidences of debt, mortgages, or liens on real or personal property, or recording same; (h) Securing or collecting debts or enforcing mortgages and security interests in property securing the debts;

37 (i) Owning, without more, real or personal property;

1 (j) Conducting an isolated transaction that is completed within 2 thirty days and that is not one in the course of repeated transactions 3 of a like nature;

(k) Transacting business in interstate commerce;

5 (1) Owning a controlling interest in a corporation or a foreign 6 corporation that transacts business within this state;

7 (m) Participating as a limited partner of a domestic or foreign 8 limited partnership that transacts business within this state; or

9 (n) Participating as a member or a manager of a domestic or foreign 10 limited liability company that transacts business within this state.

11 (2) The list of activities in subsection (1) of this section is not 12 exhaustive.

13 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 910. SERVICE OF PROCESS ON REGISTERED FOREIGN 14 LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANIES. (1) A foreign limited liability company's 15 registered agent is its agent for service of process, notice, or demand 16 required or permitted by law to be served on the foreign limited 17 liability company.

(2) The secretary of state shall be an agent of a foreign limited
 liability company upon whom any such process, notice, or demand may be
 served if:

(a) The foreign limited liability company fails to appoint ormaintain a registered agent in this state; or

(b) The registered agent cannot with reasonable diligence be foundat the registered office.

25 (3) Service on the secretary of state of any such process, notice, or demand shall be made by delivering to and leaving with the secretary 26 of state, or with any duly authorized clerk of the secretary of state's 27 office, the process, notice, or demand. In the event any such process, 28 29 notice, or demand is served on the secretary of state, the secretary of 30 state shall immediately cause a copy thereof to be forwarded by certified mail, addressed to the foreign limited liability company at 31 32 the address of its principal place of business as it appears on the 33 records of the secretary of state. Any service so had on the secretary 34 of state shall be returnable in not less than thirty days.

35 (4) The secretary of state shall keep a record of all processes, 36 notices, and demands served upon the secretary of state under this 37 section, and shall record therein the time of such service and the 38 secretary of state's action with reference thereto.

4

1 (5) This section does not limit or affect the right to serve any 2 process, notice, or demand required or permitted by law to be served 3 upon a foreign limited liability company in any other manner now or 4 hereafter permitted by law.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 911. SERVICE OF PROCESS ON UNREGISTERED FOREIGN 5 LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANIES. (1) Any foreign limited liability company б 7 which shall do business in this state without having registered under section 902 of this act shall be deemed to have thereby appointed and 8 9 constituted the secretary of state its agent for the acceptance of legal process in any civil action, suit, or proceeding against it in 10 11 any state or federal court in this state arising or growing out of any 12 business done by it within this state. The doing of business in this state by such foreign limited liability company shall be a 13 14 signification of the agreement of such foreign limited liability 15 company that any such process when so served shall be of the same legal 16 force and validity as if served upon a registered agent personally within this state. 17

18 (2) In the event of service upon the secretary of state in accordance with subsection (1) of this section, the secretary of state 19 shall forthwith notify the foreign limited liability company thereof by 20 letter, certified mail, return receipt requested, directed to the 21 22 foreign limited liability company at the address furnished to the 23 secretary of state by the plaintiff in such action, suit, or 24 proceeding. Such letter shall enclose a copy of the process and any other papers served upon the secretary of state. It shall be the duty 25 of the plaintiff in the event of such service to serve process and any 26 other papers in duplicate, to notify the secretary of state that 27 28 service is being made pursuant to this subsection.

29

ARTICLE X. DERIVATIVE ACTIONS

30 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1001. RIGHT TO BRING ACTION. A member may 31 bring an action in the superior courts in the right of a limited 32 liability company to recover a judgment in its favor if managers or 33 members with authority to do so have refused to bring the action or if 34 an effort to cause those managers or members to bring the action is not 35 likely to succeed.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1002. PROPER PLAINTIFF. In a derivative 1 2 action, the plaintiff must be a member at the time of bringing the 3 action and:

4 (1) At the time of the transaction of which the plaintiff 5 complains; or

(2) The plaintiff's status as a member had devolved upon him or her 6 7 by operation of law or pursuant to the terms of a limited liability 8 company agreement from a person who was a member at the time of the 9 transaction.

10 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1003. COMPLAINT. In a derivative action, the complaint shall set forth with particularity the effort, if any, of the 11 12 plaintiff to secure initiation of the action by a manager or member or the reasons for not making the effort. 13

14 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1004. EXPENSES. If a derivative action is successful, in whole or in part, as a result of a judgment, compromise, 15 or settlement of any such action, the court may award the plaintiff 16 17 reasonable expenses, including reasonable attorneys' fees, from any 18 recovery in any such action or from a limited liability company.

19

ARTICLE XI. MERGERS

20 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1101. MERGER--PLAN--EFFECTIVE DATE. (1) One or 21 more domestic limited liability companies may merge with one or more 22 domestic limited partnerships, domestic limited liability companies, or domestic corporations pursuant to a plan of merger approved or adopted 23 as provided in section 1102 of this act. 24

- 25
- (2) The plan of merger must set forth:

26 The name of each limited liability company, (a) limited partnership, and corporation planning to merge and the name of the 27 28 surviving limited liability company, limited partnership, or 29 corporation into which the other limited liability company, limited 30 partnership, or corporation plans to merge;

(b) The terms and conditions of the merger; and 31

32 (c) The manner and basis of converting the interests of each member of each limited liability company, the partnership interests in each 33 34 limited partnership, and the shares of each corporation party to the

1 merger into the interests, shares, obligations, or other securities of 2 the surviving or any other limited liability company, limited 3 partnership, or corporation or into cash or other property in whole or 4 part.

5

(3) The plan of merger may set forth:

6 (a) Amendments to the certificate of formation of the surviving7 limited liability company;

8 (b) Amendments to the certificate of limited partnership of the9 surviving limited partnership;

10 (c) Amendments to the articles of incorporation of the surviving 11 corporation; and

12 (d) Other provisions relating to the merger.

13 (4) If the plan of merger does not specify a delayed effective date, it shall become effective upon the filing of articles of merger. 14 15 If the plan of merger specifies a delayed effective time and date, the plan of merger becomes effective at the time and date specified. 16 Ιf 17 the plan of merger specifies a delayed effective date but no time is specified, the plan of merger is effective at the close of business on 18 19 that date. A delayed effective date for a plan of merger may not be 20 later than the ninetieth day after the date it is filed.

21 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1102. MERGER--PLAN--APPROVAL. (1) Unless 22 otherwise provided in the limited liability company agreement, approval 23 of a plan of merger by a domestic limited liability company party to 24 the merger shall occur when the plan is approved by the members, or if 25 there is more than one class or group of members, then by each class or group of members, in either case, by members contributing more than 26 fifty percent of the agreed value (as stated in the records of the 27 limited liability company required to be kept pursuant to section 305 28 29 of this act) of the contributions made, or obligated to be made, by all members or by the members in each class or group, as appropriate. 30

(2) If a domestic limited partnership is a party to the merger, the plan of merger shall be adopted and approved as provided in RCW 33 25.10.810.

(3) If a domestic corporation is a party to the merger, the plan ofmerger shall be adopted and approved as provided in chapter 23B.11 RCW.

36 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1103.** ARTICLES OF MERGER--FILING. After a plan 37 of merger is approved or adopted, the surviving limited liability

1 company, limited partnership, or corporation shall deliver to the 2 secretary of state for filing articles of merger setting forth:

3 (1) The plan of merger;

4 (2) If the approval of any members, partners, or shareholders of 5 one or more limited liability companies, limited partnerships, or 6 corporations party to the merger was not required, a statement to that 7 effect; or

8 (3) If the approval of any members, partners, or shareholders of 9 one or more of the limited liability companies, limited partnerships, 10 or corporations party to the merger was required, a statement that the 11 merger was duly approved by such members, partners, and shareholders 12 pursuant to section 1102 of this act, RCW 25.10.810, or chapter 23B.11 13 RCW.

14 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1104. EFFECT OF MERGER. (1) When a merger 15 takes effect:

(a) Every other limited liability company, limited partnership, or corporation that is party to the merger merges into the surviving limited liability company, limited partnership, or corporation and the separate existence of every limited liability company, limited partnership, or corporation except the surviving limited liability company, limited partnership, or corporation ceases;

(b) The title to all real estate and other property owned by each limited liability company, limited partnership, and corporation party to the merger is vested in the surviving limited liability company, limited partnership, or corporation without reversion or impairment;

(c) The surviving limited liability company, limited partnership,
or corporation has all liabilities of each limited liability company,
limited partnership, and corporation that is party to the merger;

(d) A proceeding pending against any limited liability company, limited partnership, or corporation that is party to the merger may be continued as if the merger did not occur or the surviving limited liability company, limited partnership, or corporation may be substituted in the proceeding for the limited liability company, limited partnership, or corporation whose existence ceased;

(e) The certificate of formation of the surviving limited liability
 company is amended to the extent provided in the plan of merger;

(f) The partnership agreement of the surviving limited partnershipis amended to the extent provided in the plan of merger;

(g) The articles of incorporation of the surviving corporation are
 amended to the extent provided in the plan of merger; and

3 (h) The former members of every limited liability company party to 4 the merger, holders of the partnership interests of every domestic 5 limited partnership that is party to the merger, and the former holders 6 of the shares of every domestic corporation that is party to the merger 7 are entitled only to the rights provided in the plan of merger, or to 8 their rights under this article, to their rights under RCW 25.10.900 9 through 25.10.955, or to their rights under chapter 23B.13 RCW.

10 (2) Unless otherwise agreed, a merger of a domestic limited 11 liability company, including a domestic limited liability company which 12 is not the surviving entity in the merger, shall not require the 13 domestic limited liability company to wind up its affairs under section 14 806 of this act or pay its liabilities and distribute its assets under 15 section 807 of this act.

16 (3) Unless otherwise agreed, a merger of a domestic limited 17 partnership, including a domestic limited partnership which is not the 18 surviving entity in the merger, shall not require the domestic limited 19 partnership to wind up its affairs under RCW 25.10.460 or pay its 20 liabilities and distribute its assets under RCW 25.10.470.

21 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1105. MERGER--FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC. (1) One or 22 more foreign limited liability companies, one or more foreign limited 23 partnerships, and one or more foreign corporations may merge with one 24 or more domestic limited liability companies, domestic limited 25 partnerships, or domestic corporations if:

(a) The merger is permitted by the law of the jurisdiction under which each foreign limited liability company was formed, each foreign limited partnership was organized, and each foreign corporation was incorporated, and each foreign limited liability company, foreign limited partnership, and foreign corporation complies with that law in effecting the merger;

32 (b) The surviving entity complies with section 1103 of this act;
33 (c) Each domestic limited liability company complies with section
34 1102 of this act;

35 (d) Each domestic limited partnership complies with RCW 25.10.810;36 and

37 (e) Each domestic corporation complies with RCW 23B.11.080.

2SHB 1235.SL

1 (2) Upon the merger taking effect, a surviving foreign limited 2 liability company, limited partnership, or corporation is deemed to 3 appoint the secretary of state as its agent for service of process in 4 a proceeding to enforce any obligation or the rights of dissenting 5 partners or shareholders of each domestic limited liability company, 6 domestic limited partnership, or domestic corporation party to the 7 merger.

8

ARTICLE XII. DISSENTERS' RIGHTS

9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1201.** DEFINITIONS. As used in this article, 10 unless the context otherwise requires:

(1) "Limited liability company" means the domestic limited liability company in which the dissenter holds or held a membership interest, or the surviving limited liability company, limited partnership, or corporation by merger, whether foreign or domestic, of that limited liability company.

16 (2) "Dissenter" means a member who is entitled to dissent from a 17 plan of merger and who exercises that right when and in the manner 18 required by this article.

(3) "Fair value," with respect to a dissenter's limited liability company interest, means the value of the member's limited liability company interest immediately before the effectuation of the merger to which the dissenter objects, excluding any appreciation or depreciation in anticipation of the merger unless exclusion would be inequitable.

(4) "Interest" means interest from the effective date of the merger until the date of payment, at the average rate currently paid by the limited liability company on its principal bank loans or, if none, at a rate that is fair and equitable under all the circumstances.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1202. MEMBER--DISSENT--PAYMENT OF FAIR VALUE. (1) Except as provided in section 1204 or 1206(2) of this act, a member of a domestic limited liability company is entitled to dissent from, and obtain payment of, the fair value of the member's interest in a limited liability company in the event of consummation of a plan of merger to which the limited liability company is a party as permitted by section 1101 or 1105 of this act.

1 (2) A member entitled to dissent and obtain payment for the 2 member's interest in a limited liability company under this article may 3 not challenge the merger creating the member's entitlement unless the 4 merger fails to comply with the procedural requirements imposed by this 5 title, Title 23B RCW, RCW 25.10.800 through 25.10.840, or the limited 6 liability company agreement, or is fraudulent with respect to the 7 member or the limited liability company.

8 (3) The right of a dissenting member in a limited liability company 9 to obtain payment of the fair value of the member's interest in the 10 limited liability company shall terminate upon the occurrence of any 11 one of the following events:

12 (a) The proposed merger is abandoned or rescinded;

(b) A court having jurisdiction permanently enjoins or sets asidethe merger; or

(c) The member's demand for payment is withdrawn with the writtenconsent of the limited liability company.

17 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1203. DISSENTERS' RIGHTS--NOTICE--TIMING. (1) 18 Not less than ten days prior to the approval of a plan of merger, the 19 limited liability company must send a written notice to all members who 20 are entitled to vote on or approve the plan of merger that they may be 21 entitled to assert dissenters' rights under this article. Such notice 22 shall be accompanied by a copy of this article.

(2) The limited liability company shall notify in writing all members not entitled to vote on or approve the plan of merger that the plan of merger was approved, and send them the dissenters' notice as required by section 1205 of this act.

27 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1204. MEMBER--DISSENT--VOTING RESTRICTION. A 28 member of a limited liability company who is entitled to vote on or 29 approve the plan of merger and who wishes to assert dissenters' rights 30 must not vote in favor of or approve the plan of merger. A member who 31 does not satisfy the requirements of this section is not entitled to 32 payment for the member's interest in the limited liability company 33 under this article.

34NEW SECTION.Sec.1205.MEMBERS--DISSENTERS'NOTICE--35REQUIREMENTS.(1) If the plan of merger is approved, the limited

liability company shall deliver a written dissenters' notice to all
 members who satisfied the requirements of section 1204 of this act.

3 (2) The dissenters' notice required by section 1203(2) of this act
4 or by subsection (1) of this section must be sent within ten days after
5 the approval of the plan of merger, and must:

б

(a) State where the payment demand must be sent;

7 (b) Inform members as to the extent transfer of the member's 8 interest in the limited liability company will be restricted as 9 permitted by section 1207 of this act after the payment demand is 10 received;

11 (c) Supply a form for demanding payment;

(d) Set a date by which the limited liability company must receive the payment demand, which date may not be fewer than thirty nor more than sixty days after the date the notice under this section is delivered; and

16 (e) Be accompanied by a copy of this article.

17 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1206. MEMBER--PAYMENT DEMAND--ENTITLEMENT. (1) 18 A member of a limited liability company who demands payment retains all 19 other rights of a member of such company until the proposed merger 20 becomes effective.

(2) A member of a limited liability company sent a dissenters' notice who does not demand payment by the date set in the dissenters' notice is not entitled to payment for the member's interest in the limited liability company under this article.

25 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1207. MEMBER'S INTERESTS--TRANSFER RESTRICTION. 26 The limited liability company agreement may restrict the transfer of 27 members' interests in the limited liability company from the date the 28 demand for their payment is received until the proposed merger becomes 29 effective or the restriction is released under this article.

30 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1208. PAYMENT OF FAIR VALUE--REQUIREMENTS FOR 31 COMPLIANCE. (1) Within thirty days of the later of the date the 32 proposed merger becomes effective, or the payment demand is received, 33 the limited liability company shall pay each dissenter who complied 34 with section 1206 of this act the amount the limited liability company 35 estimates to be the fair value of the dissenting member's interest in 36 the limited liability company, plus accrued interest.

1 (2) The payment must be accompanied by:

2 (a) Copies of the financial statements for the limited liability3 company for its most recent fiscal year;

4 (b) An explanation of how the limited liability company estimated
5 the fair value of the member's interest in the limited liability
6 company;

- 7 (c) An explanation of how the accrued interest was calculated;
- 8 (d) A statement of the dissenter's right to demand payment; and

9 (e) A copy of this article.

10 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1209. MERGER--NOT EFFECTIVE WITHIN SIXTY DAYS--11 TRANSFER RESTRICTIONS. (1) If the proposed merger does not become 12 effective within sixty days after the date set for demanding payment, 13 the limited liability company shall release any transfer restrictions 14 imposed as permitted by section 1207 of this act.

(2) If, after releasing transfer restrictions, the proposed merger becomes effective, the limited liability company must send a new dissenters' notice as provided in sections 1203(2) and 1205 of this act and repeat the payment demand procedure.

19 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1210. DISSENTER'S ESTIMATE OF FAIR VALUE--20 NOTICE. (1) A dissenting member may notify the limited liability 21 company in writing of the dissenter's own estimate of the fair value of 22 the dissenter's interest in the limited liability company, and amount 23 of interest due, and demand payment of the dissenter's estimate, less 24 any payment under section 1208 of this act, if:

(a) The dissenter believes that the amount paid is less than the
fair value of the dissenter's interest in the limited liability
company, or that the interest due is incorrectly calculated;

(b) The limited liability company fails to make payment withinsixty days after the date set for demanding payment; or

30 (c) The limited liability company, having failed to effectuate the 31 proposed merger, does not release the transfer restrictions imposed on 32 members' interests as permitted by section 1207 of this act within 33 sixty days after the date set for demanding payment.

(2) A dissenter waives the right to demand payment under this
 section unless the dissenter notifies the limited liability company of
 the dissenter's demand in writing under subsection (1) of this section

within thirty days after the limited liability company made payment for
 the dissenter's interest in the limited liability company.

3 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1211. UNSETTLED DEMAND FOR PAYMENT--PROCEEDING--PARTIES--APPRAISERS. (1) If a demand for payment under 4 section 1206 of this act remains unsettled, the limited liability 5 company shall commence a proceeding within sixty days after receiving 6 7 the payment demand and petition the court to determine the fair value 8 of the dissenting member's interest in the limited liability company, 9 and accrued interest. If the limited liability company does not commence the proceeding within the sixty-day period, it shall pay each 10 11 dissenter whose demand remains unsettled the amount demanded.

12 (2) The limited liability company shall commence the proceeding in 13 the superior court. If the limited liability company is a domestic 14 limited liability company, it shall commence the proceeding in the 15 county where its registered office is maintained.

16 (3) The limited liability company shall make all dissenters 17 (whether or not residents of this state) whose demands remain unsettled 18 parties to the proceeding as in an action against their membership 19 interests in the limited liability company and all parties must be 20 served with a copy of the petition. Nonresidents may be served by 21 registered or certified mail or by publication as provided by law.

(4) The limited liability company may join as a party to the proceeding any member who claims to be a dissenter but who has not, in the opinion of the limited liability company, complied with the provisions of this article. If the court determines that such member has not complied with the provisions of this article, the member shall be dismissed as a party.

(5) The jurisdiction of the court in which the proceeding is commenced is plenary and exclusive. The court may appoint one or more persons as appraisers to receive evidence and recommend decisions on the question of fair value. The appraisers have the powers described in the order appointing them or in any amendment to it. The dissenters are entitled to the same discovery rights as parties in other civil proceedings.

35 (6) Each dissenter made a party to the proceeding is entitled to 36 judgment for the amount, if any, by which the court finds the fair 37 value of the dissenter's membership interest in the limited liability company, plus interest, exceeds the amount paid by the limited
 liability company.

3 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1212. UNSETTLED DEMAND FOR PAYMENT--COSTS--FEES AND EXPENSES OF COUNSEL. (1) The court in a proceeding commenced under 4 5 section 1211 of this act shall determine all costs of the proceeding, including the reasonable compensation and expenses of appraisers б 7 appointed by the court. The court shall assess the costs against the 8 limited liability company, except that the court may assess the costs against all or some of the dissenters, in amounts the court finds 9 equitable, to the extent the court finds the dissenters acted 10 arbitrarily, vexatiously, or not in good faith in demanding payment. 11

12 (2) The court may also assess the fees and expenses of counsel and 13 experts for the respective parties, in amounts the court finds 14 equitable:

(a) Against the limited liability company and in favor of any or
all dissenters if the court finds the limited liability company did not
substantially comply with the requirements of this article; or

(b) Against either the limited liability company or a dissenter, in favor of any other party, if the court finds that the party against whom the fees and expenses are assessed acted arbitrarily, vexatiously, or not in good faith with respect to the rights provided by this article.

(3) If the court finds that the services of counsel for any dissenter were of substantial benefit to other dissenters similarly situated, and that the fees for those services should not be assessed against the limited liability company, the court may award to these counsel reasonable fees to be paid out of the amounts awarded to the dissenters who were benefited.

ARTICLE XIII. MISCELLANEOUS

29

30 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1301. CONSTRUCTION AND APPLICATION OF CHAPTER 31 AND LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY AGREEMENT. (1) The rule that statutes in 32 derogation of the common law are to be strictly construed shall have no 33 application to this chapter.

(2) It is the policy of this chapter to give the maximum effect to
 the principle of freedom of contract and to the enforceability of
 limited liability company agreements.

4 (3) Unless the context otherwise requires, as used in this chapter, 5 the singular shall include the plural and the plural may refer to only 6 the singular. The captions contained herein are for purposes of 7 convenience only and shall not control or affect the construction of 8 this chapter and do not constitute part of the law.

9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1302. ESTABLISHMENT OF FILING FEES AND 10 MISCELLANEOUS CHARGES. (1) The secretary of state shall adopt rules 11 establishing fees which shall be charged and collected for:

(a) Filing of a certificate of formation for a domestic limited
liability company or an application for registration of a foreign
limited liability company;

(b) Filing of a certificate of cancellation for a domestic orforeign limited liability company;

17 (c) Filing of a certificate of amendment or restatement for a18 domestic or foreign limited liability company;

(d) Filing an application to reserve, register, or transfer a20 limited liability company name;

(e) Filing any other certificate, statement, or report authorizedor permitted to be filed;

(f) Copies, certified copies, certificates, service of processfilings, and expedited filings or other special services.

(2) In the establishment of a fee schedule, the secretary of state shall, insofar as is possible and reasonable, be guided by the fee schedule provided for corporations governed by Title 23B RCW. Fees for copies, certified copies, certificates of record, and service of process filings shall be as provided for in RCW 23B.01.220.

30 (3) All fees collected by the secretary of state shall be deposited31 with the state treasurer pursuant to law.

32 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1303. AUTHORITY TO ADOPT RULES. The secretary 33 of state shall adopt such rules as are necessary to implement the 34 transfer of duties and records required by this chapter.

35 Sec. 1304. RCW 23B.04.010 and 1991 c 269 s 36 and 1991 c 72 s 32 36 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

1 (1) A corporate name:

(a) Must contain the word "corporation," "incorporated," "company," or "limited," or the abbreviation "corp.," "inc.," "co.," or "ltd."; (b) Must not contain language stating or implying that the corporation is organized for a purpose other than those permitted by RCW 23B.03.010 and its articles of incorporation;

7

(c) Must not contain any of the following words or phrases:

8 "Bank," "banking," "banker," "trust," "cooperative," or any 9 combination of the words "industrial" and "loan," or any combination of 10 any two or more of the words "building," "savings," "loan," "home," 11 "association," and "society," or any other words or phrases prohibited 12 by any statute of this state; and

13 (d) Except as authorized by subsections (2) and (3) of this 14 section, must be distinguishable upon the records of the secretary of 15 state from:

(i) The corporate name of a corporation incorporated or authorizedto transact business in this state;

(ii) A corporate name reserved or registered under RCW 23B.04.020or 23B.04.030;

(iii) The fictitious name adopted pursuant to RCW 23B.15.060 by a
foreign corporation authorized to transact business in this state
because its real name is unavailable;

23 (iv) The corporate name of a not-for-profit corporation 24 incorporated or authorized to conduct affairs in this state; ((and))

(v) The name or reserved name of a foreign or domestic limited partnership formed or registered under chapter 25.08 or 25.10 RCW; and (vi) The name of any limited liability company organized or registered under chapter 25.-- RCW (sections 101 through 1303 and 1312)

29 <u>through 1314</u>) of this act.

30 (2) A corporation may apply to the secretary of state for 31 authorization to use a name that is not distinguishable upon the 32 records from one or more of the names described in subsection (1) of 33 this section. The secretary of state shall authorize use of the name 34 applied for if:

35 (a) The other corporation, <u>company</u>, holder, or limited partnership 36 consents to the use in writing and files with the secretary of state 37 documents necessary to change its name or the name reserved or 38 registered to a name that is distinguishable upon the records of the 39 secretary of state from the name of the applying corporation; or

1 (b) The applicant delivers to the secretary of state a certified 2 copy of the final judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction 3 establishing the applicant's right to use the name applied for in this 4 state.

(3) A corporation may use the name, including the fictitious name, 5 of another domestic or foreign corporation, or of another domestic or 6 7 foreign limited liability company, or of a domestic or foreign limited partnership, that is used in this state if the other corporation is 8 9 incorporated or authorized to transact business in this state, or if 10 the limited liability company is organized or authorized to transact business in this state, or if the limited partnership is formed or 11 12 authorized to transact business in this state, and the proposed user 13 corporation:

14 (a) Has merged with the other corporation, limited liability
15 <u>company</u>, or limited partnership; or

16 (b) Has been formed by reorganization of the other corporation.

17 (4) This title does not control the use of assumed business names 18 or "trade names."

(5) A name shall not be considered distinguishable upon the recordsof the secretary of state by virtue of:

(a) A variation in the designation, under subsection (1)(a) of thissection, used for the same name;

(b) The addition or deletion of an article or conjunction such as "the" or "and" from the same name;

(c) Punctuation, capitalization, or special characters or symbolsin the same name; or

(d) Use of abbreviation or the plural form of a word in the samename.

29 Sec. 1305. RCW 24.03.045 and 1989 c 291 s 10 are each amended to 30 read as follows:

31 The corporate name:

(1) Shall not contain any word or phrase which indicates or implies
 that it is organized for any purpose other than one or more of the
 purposes contained in its articles of incorporation.

(2) Shall not be the same as, or deceptively similar to, the name of any corporation, whether for profit or not for profit, existing under any act of this state, or any foreign corporation, whether for profit or not for profit, authorized to transact business or conduct

affairs in this state, any foreign or domestic limited liability 1 company on file with the secretary of state, any domestic or foreign 2 limited partnership on file with the secretary, or a limited 3 4 partnership existing under chapter 25.10 RCW, or a corporate name 5 reserved or registered as permitted by the laws of this state. This subsection shall not apply if the applicant files with the secretary of 6 7 state either of the following: (a) The written consent of the other 8 corporation, limited liability company, limited partnership, or holder 9 of a reserved name to use the same or deceptively similar name and one 10 or more words are added or deleted to make the name distinguishable from the other name as determined by the secretary of state, or (b) a 11 certified copy of a final decree of a court of competent jurisdiction 12 13 establishing the prior right of the applicant to the use of the name in 14 this state.

(3) Shall be transliterated into letters of the English alphabet,if it is not in English.

(4) Shall not include or end with "incorporated," "company," "corporation," "partnership," "limited partnership," or "Ltd.," or any abbreviation thereof, but may use "club," "league," "association," "services," "committee," "fund," "society," "foundation," "., a nonprofit corporation," or any name of like import.

(5) May only include the term "public benefit" or names of like mport if the corporation has been designated as a public benefit nonprofit corporation by the secretary in accordance with this chapter.

25 **Sec. 1306.** RCW 24.03.047 and 1993 c 356 s 2 are each amended to 26 read as follows:

27 Any corporation, organized and existing under the laws of any state or territory of the United States may register its corporate name under 28 29 this title, provided its corporate name is not the same as, or 30 deceptively similar to, the name of any domestic corporation existing under the laws of this state, the name of any foreign corporation 31 32 authorized to transact business in this state, the name of any domestic 33 limited liability company organized under the laws of this state, the 34 name of any foreign limited liability company authorized to transact business in this state, the name of any limited partnership on file 35 36 with the secretary, or any corporate name reserved or registered under 37 this title.

38 Such registration shall be made by:

(1) Filing with the secretary of state: (a) An application for 1 2 registration executed by the corporation by an officer thereof, setting forth the name of the corporation, the state or country under the laws 3 4 of which it is incorporated, [and] the date of its incorporation, and (b) a certificate setting forth that such corporation is in good 5 standing under the laws of the state or territory wherein it is 6 7 organized, executed by the secretary of state of such state or country or by such other official as may have custody of the records pertaining 8 9 to corporations, and

(2) Paying to the secretary of state the applicable registrationfee.

12 The registration shall be effective until the close of the calendar 13 year in which the application for registration is filed.

14 **Sec. 1307.** RCW 24.06.045 and 1987 c 55 s 41 are each amended to 15 read as follows:

16 The corporate name:

(1) Shall not contain any word or phrase which indicates or implies
that it is organized for any purpose other than one or more of the
purposes contained in its articles of incorporation.

(2) Shall not be the same as, or deceptively similar to, the name 20 of any corporation existing under any act of this state, or any foreign 21 22 corporation authorized to transact business or conduct affairs in this 23 state under any act of this state, or the name of any limited liability 24 corporation organized or authorized to transact business under any act 25 of this state, the name of a domestic or foreign limited partnership on file with the secretary, or a corporate name reserved or registered as 26 permitted by the laws of this state. This subsection shall not apply 27 if the applicant files with the secretary of state either of the 28 29 following: (a) The written consent of the other corporation, limited 30 liability company, limited partnership, or holder of a reserved name to use the same or deceptively similar name and one or more words are 31 added or deleted to make the name distinguishable from the other name 32 as determined by the secretary of state, or (b) a certified copy of a 33 34 final decree of a court of competent jurisdiction establishing the prior right of the applicant to the use of the name in this state. 35 36 (3) Shall be transliterated into letters of the English alphabet if

37 it is not in English.

(4) The name of any corporation formed under this section shall not include nor end with "incorporated", "company", or "corporation" or any abbreviation thereof, but may use "club", "league", "association", "services", "committee", "fund", "society", "foundation",", a nonprofit mutual corporation", or any name of like import.

6 **Sec. 1308.** RCW 24.06.047 and 1993 c 356 s 14 are each amended to 7 read as follows:

8 Any corporation, organized and existing under the laws of any state 9 or territory of the United States may register its corporate name under 10 this title, provided its corporate name is not the same as, or deceptively similar to, the name of any domestic corporation existing 11 12 under the laws of this state, or the name of any foreign corporation authorized to transact business in this state, the name of any domestic 13 14 limited liability company organized under the laws of this state, or the name of any foreign limited liability company authorized to 15 transact business in this state, the name of any domestic or foreign 16 limited partnership on file with the secretary, or any corporate name 17 18 reserved or registered under this title.

19

Such registration shall be made by:

(1) Filing with the secretary of state: (a) An application for 20 21 registration executed by the corporation by an officer thereof, setting 22 forth the name of the corporation, the state or country under the laws 23 of which it is incorporated, and the date of its incorporation, and (b) 24 a certificate setting forth that such corporation is in good standing 25 under the laws of the state or country wherein it is organized, executed by the secretary of state of such state or territory or by 26 27 such other official as may have custody of the records pertaining to 28 corporations, and

(2) Paying to the secretary of state the applicable annualregistration fee.

The registration shall be effective until the close of the calendar year in which the application for registration is filed.

33 **Sec. 1309.** RCW 25.10.020 and 1991 c 269 s 1 are each amended to 34 read as follows:

(1) The name of each limited partnership formed pursuant to thischapter as set forth in its certificate of limited partnership:

1 (a) Shall contain the words "limited partnership" or the 2 abbreviation "L.P.";

3 (b) May not contain the name of a limited partner unless (i) it is 4 also the name of a general partner, or the corporate name of a 5 corporate general partner, or (ii) the business of the limited 6 partnership had been carried on under that name before the admission of 7 that limited partner;

8 (c) May not contain any of the following words or phrases: "Bank", 9 "banking", "banker", "trust", "cooperative"; or any combination of the 10 words "industrial" and "loan"; or any combination of any two or more of 11 the words "building", "savings", "loan", "home", "association" and 12 "society"; or any other words or phrases prohibited by any statute of 13 this state;

14 (d) Except as authorized by subsections (2) and (3) of this 15 section, must be distinguishable upon the records of the secretary of 16 state from:

17 (i) The name or reserved name of a foreign or domestic limited18 partnership;

(ii) The corporate name of a corporation incorporated or authorizedto transact business in this state;

21 (iii) A corporate name reserved or registered under RCW 23B.04.020
22 or 23B.04.030;

(iv) The fictitious name adopted pursuant to RCW 23B.15.060 by a foreign corporation authorized to transact business in this state because its real name is unavailable; ((and))

(v) The corporate name of a not-for-profit corporation incorporated
 or authorized to conduct affairs in this state; and

28 (vi) The name of a limited liability company organized or
29 authorized to transact business in this state.

30 (2) A limited partnership may apply to the secretary of state for 31 authorization to use a name that is not distinguishable upon the 32 records from one or more of the names described in subsection (1) of 33 this section. The secretary of state shall authorize use of the name 34 applied for if:

(a) The other limited partnership, corporation, or holder consents to the use in writing and files with the secretary of state documents necessary to change its name or the name reserved or registered to a name that is distinguishable upon the records of the secretary of state from the name of the applying limited partnership; or 1 (b) The applicant delivers to the secretary of state a certified 2 copy of the final judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction 3 establishing the applicant's right to use the name applied for in this 4 state.

5 (3) A limited partnership may use the name, including the 6 fictitious name, of another domestic or foreign limited partnership, 7 <u>limited liability company</u>, or corporation that is used in this state if 8 the other limited partnership, <u>limited liability company</u>, or 9 corporation is organized, incorporated, or authorized to transact 10 business in this state and the proposed user limited partnership:

11 (a) Has merged with the other limited partnership, limited 12 <u>liability company</u>, or corporation; or

(b) Results from reorganization with the other limited partnership,
limited liability company, or corporation.

(4) A name shall not be considered distinguishable upon the recordsof the secretary of state by virtue of:

(a) A variation in the designation, under subsection (1)(a) of thissection, used for the same name;

19 (b) The addition or deletion of an article or conjunction such as 20 "the" or "and" from the same name;

(c) Punctuation, capitalization, or special characters or symbolsin the same name; or

23 (d) Use of abbreviation or the plural form of a word in the same 24 name.

(5) This title does not control the use of assumed business names or "trade names."

27 **Sec. 1310.** RCW 43.07.120 and 1993 c 269 s 15 are each amended to 28 read as follows:

(1) The secretary of state shall establish by rule and collect thefees in this subsection:

(a) For a copy of any law, resolution, record, or other document orpaper on file in the secretary's office;

33 (b) For any certificate under seal;

34 (c) For filing and recording trademark;

35 (d) For each deed or patent of land issued by the governor;

36 (e) For recording miscellaneous records, papers, or other 37 documents.

(2) The secretary of state may adopt rules under chapter 34.05 RCW
 establishing reasonable fees for the following services rendered under
 Title 23B RCW, chapter 18.100, 23.86, 23.90, 24.03, 24.06, 24.12,
 24.20, 24.24, 24.28, 24.36, 25.-- (sections 101 through 1303 and 1312
 through 1314 of this act), or 25.10 RCW:

6 (a) Any service rendered in-person at the secretary of state's7 office;

8 (b) Any expedited service;

9 (c) The electronic or facsimile transmittal of information from 10 corporation records or copies of documents;

(d) The providing of information by micrographic or other reducedformat compilation;

(e) The handling of checks, drafts, or credit or debit cards upon
adoption of rules authorizing their use for which sufficient funds are
not on deposit; and

16

(f) Special search charges.

17 (3) To facilitate the collection of fees, the secretary of state 18 may establish accounts for deposits by persons who may frequently be 19 assessed such fees to pay the fees as they are assessed. The secretary 20 of state may make whatever arrangements with those persons as may be 21 necessary to carry out this section.

(4) The secretary of state may adopt rules for the use of credit ordebit cards for payment of fees.

(5) No member of the legislature, state officer, justice of the supreme court, judge of the court of appeals, or judge of the superior court shall be charged for any search relative to matters pertaining to the duties of his or her office; nor may such official be charged for a certified copy of any law or resolution passed by the legislature relative to his or her official duties, if such law has not been published as a state law.

31 **Sec. 1311.** RCW 43.07.130 and 1991 c 72 s 54 are each amended to 32 read as follows:

33 There is created within the state treasury a revolving fund, to be 34 known as the "secretary of state's revolving fund," which shall be used 35 by the office of the secretary of state to defray the costs of 36 printing, reprinting, or distributing printed matter authorized by law 37 to be issued by the office of the secretary of state, and any other 38 cost of carrying out the functions of the secretary of state under 1 Title 23B RCW, or chapters 18.100, 23.86, 23.90, 24.03, 24.06, 24.12, 2 24.20, 24.24, 24.28, 24.36, <u>25.-- (sections 101 through 1303 and 1312</u> 3 <u>through 1314 of this act)</u>, or 25.10 RCW.

4 The secretary of state is hereby authorized to charge a fee for 5 such publications in an amount which will compensate for the costs of printing, reprinting, and distributing such printed matter. 6 Fees 7 recovered by the secretary of state under RCW 43.07.120(2), 23B.01.220(1)(e), (((3), and (4))) <u>(6) and (7)</u>, 23B.18.050, 24.03.410, 8 24.06.455, or 46.64.040, and such other moneys as are expressly 9 10 designated for deposit in the secretary of state's revolving fund shall 11 be placed in the secretary of state's revolving fund.

12 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1312.** EFFECTIVE DATE. This act shall take 13 effect October 1, 1994.

14 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1313.** SHORT TITLE. This chapter may be cited 15 as the "Washington Limited Liability Company Act."

16 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1314.** SEVERABILITY. If any provision of this 17 act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, 18 the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other 19 persons or circumstances is not affected.

20 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1315.** LEGISLATIVE DIRECTIVE. Sections 101 21 through 1303 and 1312 through 1314 of this act shall constitute a new 22 chapter in Title 25 RCW.

23

ACCOUNTANCY STATUTES

24 **Sec. 1401.** RCW 18.04.025 and 1992 c 103 s 2 are each amended to 25 read as follows:

26 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 27 this section apply throughout this chapter.

28 (1) "Board" means the board of accountancy created by RCW 29 18.04.035.

30 (2) "Certified public accountant" or "CPA" means a person holding31 a certified public accountant certificate.

(3) "State" includes the states of the United States, the Districtof Columbia, Puerto Rico, Guam, and the United States Virgin Islands.

1 (4) "Reports on financial statements" means any reports or opinions 2 prepared by certified public accountants, based on services performed in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, standards for 3 4 attestation engagements, or standards for accounting and review services as to whether the presentation of information used for 5 guidance in financial transactions or for accounting for or assessing 6 the status or performance of commercial and noncommercial enterprises, 7 whether public, private, or governmental, conforms with generally 8 9 accepted accounting principles or other comprehensive bases of 10 accounting.

(5) The "practice of public accounting" means performing or 11 offering to perform by a person or firm holding itself out to the 12 13 public as a licensee, for a client or potential client, one or more kinds of services involving the use of accounting or auditing skills, 14 15 including the issuance of "audit reports," "review reports," or 16 "compilation reports" on financial statements, or one or more kinds of 17 management advisory, or consulting services, or the preparation of tax returns, or the furnishing of advice on tax matters. The "practice of 18 19 public accounting" shall not include practices that are permitted under 20 the provisions of RCW 18.04.350(6) by persons or firms not required to be licensed under this chapter. 21

(6) "Firm" means a sole proprietorship, a corporation, or a partnership. <u>"Firm" also means a limited liability company formed</u> <u>under chapter 25.-- RCW (sections 101 through 1303 and 1312 through</u> <u>1314 of this act).</u>

26 (7) "CPE" means continuing professional education.

(8) "Certificate" means a certificate as a certified public accountant issued under this chapter, or a corresponding certificate issued by another state or foreign jurisdiction that is recognized in accordance with the reciprocity provisions of RCW 18.04.180 and 18.04.183.

(9) "Licensee" means the holder of a valid license issued underthis chapter.

34 (10) "License" means a biennial license to practice public35 accountancy issued to an individual or firm under this chapter.

(11) "Quality assurance review" means a process established by and conducted at the direction of the board of study, appraisal, or review of one or more aspects of the professional work of a person or firm in the practice of public accountancy, by a person or persons who hold certificates and who are not affiliated with the person or firm being
 reviewed.

(12) "Quality review" means a study, appraisal, or review of one or 3 4 more aspects of the professional work of a person or firm in the practice of public accountancy, by a person or persons who hold 5 certificates and who are not affiliated with the person or firm being б reviewed, including a peer review, or any internal review or inspection 7 intended to comply with quality control policies and procedures, but 8 not including the "quality assurance review" under subsection (11) of 9 10 this section.

11 (13) "Review committee" means any person carrying out, 12 administering or overseeing a quality review authorized by the 13 reviewee.

14 (14) "Rule" means any rule adopted by the board under authority of15 this chapter.

16 (15) "Holding out" means any representation to the public by the 17 use of restricted titles as set forth in RCW 18.04.345 by a person or firm that the person or firm is a certified public accountant and that 18 19 the person or firm offers to perform any professional services to the 20 public as a certified public accountant. "Holding out" shall not affect or limit a person not required to hold a certificate under this 21 22 chapter or a person or firm not required to hold a license under this chapter from engaging in practices identified in RCW 18.04.350(6). 23

24 **Sec. 1402.** RCW 18.04.195 and 1986 c 295 s 8 are each amended to 25 read as follows:

(1) A sole proprietorship engaged in this state in the practice ofpublic accounting shall license biennially with the board as a firm.

(a) The principal purpose and business of the firm shall be to
 furnish services to the public which are consistent with this chapter
 and the rules of the board.

31 (b) The person shall be a certified public accountant holding a32 license to practice under RCW 18.04.215.

33 (c) Each resident licensee in charge of an office of the sole 34 proprietorship engaged in this state in the practice of public 35 accounting shall be a certified public accountant holding a license to 36 practice under RCW 18.04.215.

37 (2) A partnership engaged in this state in the practice of public38 accounting shall license biennially with the board as a partnership of

1 certified public accountants, and shall meet the following
2 requirements:

3 (a) The principal purpose and business of the partnership shall be
4 to furnish services to the public which are consistent with this
5 chapter and the rules of the board;

6 (b) At least one general partner of the partnership shall be a 7 certified public accountant holding a license to practice under RCW 8 18.04.215;

9 (c) Each resident licensee in charge of an office of the 10 partnership in this state and each resident partner personally engaged 11 within this state in the practice of public accounting shall be a 12 certified public accountant holding a license to practice under RCW 13 18.04.215.

14 (3) A corporation organized for the practice of public accounting 15 and engaged in this state in the practice of public accounting shall 16 license biennially with the board as a corporation of certified public 17 accountants and shall meet the following requirements:

(a) The principal purpose and business of the corporation shall be
to furnish services to the public which are consistent with this
chapter and the rules of the board; and

(b) Each shareholder of the corporation shall be a certified public 21 accountant of some state holding a license to practice and shall be 22 23 principally employed by the corporation or actively engaged in its 24 business. No other person may have any interest in the stock of the 25 corporation. The principal officer of the corporation and any officer 26 or director having authority over the practice of public accounting by 27 the corporation shall be a certified public accountant of some state 28 holding a license to practice;

(c) At least one shareholder of the corporation shall be a certified public accountant holding a license to practice under RCW 18.04.215;

(d) Each resident licensee in charge of an office of the corporation in this state and each shareholder or director personally engaged within this state in the practice of public accounting shall be a certified public accountant holding a license to practice under RCW 18.04.215;

(e) A written agreement shall bind the corporation or its
 shareholders to purchase any shares offered for sale by, or not under
 the ownership or effective control of, a qualified shareholder, and

bind any holder not a qualified shareholder to sell the shares to the corporation or its qualified shareholders. The agreement shall be noted on each certificate of corporate stock. The corporation may purchase any amount of its stock for this purpose, notwithstanding any impairment of capital, as long as one share remains outstanding; and

6 (f) The corporation shall comply with any other rules pertaining to 7 corporations practicing public accounting in this state as the board 8 may prescribe.

9 (4) <u>A limited liability company engaged in this state in the</u> 10 practice of public accounting shall license biennially with the board 11 <u>as a limited liability company of certified public accountants, and</u> 12 <u>shall meet the following requirements:</u>

13 (a) The principal purpose and business of the limited liability 14 company shall be to furnish services to the public which are consistent 15 with this chapter and the rules of the board;

16 (b) At least one manager of the limited liability company shall be 17 a certified public accountant holding a license to practice under RCW 18 <u>18.04.215;</u>

19 (c) Each resident manager or member in charge of an office of the 20 limited liability company in this state and each resident manager or 21 member personally engaged within this state in the practice of public 22 accounting shall be a certified public accountant holding a license to 23 practice under RCW 18.04.215.

24 (5) Application for a license as a firm shall be made upon the 25 affidavit of the proprietor or person designated as managing partner or 26 shareholder for Washington. This person shall be a certified public accountant holding a license to practice under RCW 18.04.215. 27 The board shall determine in each case whether the applicant is eligible 28 29 for a license. A partnership or corporation which is licensed to 30 practice under RCW 18.04.215 may use the designation "certified public accountants" or "CPAs" in connection with its partnership or corporate 31 The board shall be given notification within ninety days after 32 name. 33 the admission or withdrawal of a partner or shareholder engaged in this 34 state in the practice of public accounting from any partnership or 35 corporation so licensed.

(((5))) (6) Fees for the license as a firm and for notification of the board of the admission or withdrawal of a partner or shareholder shall be determined by the board. Fees shall be paid by the firm at

the time the license application form or notice of admission or
 withdrawal of a partner or shareholder is filed with the board.

3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1403. Any business or profession licensed under 4 this title may operate as a limited liability company formed under 5 chapter 25.-- RCW (sections 101 through 1303 and 1312 through 1314 of 6 this act). Any such limited liability company must be licensed as a 7 limited liability company in accordance with the otherwise applicable 8 licensing provisions of this title. Any such limited liability company 9 shall meet the following requirements:

(1) The principal purpose and business of the limited liability
company shall be to furnish services to the public which are consistent
with the applicable chapter under this title;

(2) At least one manager of the limited liability company shall be a person licensed under the applicable chapter under this title; and (3) Each resident manager or member in charge of an office of the limited liability company in this state and each resident manager or member personally engaged within this state in the business or profession of the company shall be licensed under the applicable chapter under this title.

20 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1404.** Section 1403 of this act constitutes a 21 new chapter in Title 18 RCW.

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